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APPLICATION OF THE PINITE SLEMENT METHOD TO HEAT CONDUCTION IN SOLIDS

by

E. B. Becker C. H. Parr

U. S. ARMY MISSILE COMMAND Redstone Arsenal, Alabama 35809

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### FOREWORD

The work in this report was initiated under Contract DA-01-021 AMC-11536(Z) for exploratory development of propellants for missiles and rockets, and completed under Contract DAAH01-67-C-0947 for exploratory development of solid propulsion technology. Both contracts were under the technical cognizance of Army Propulsion Laboratory and Center, Research and Development Directorate, U. S. Army Missile Command.

The application of finite-element methods to heat-conduction problems is an important way station to the successful application of these methods to more complex time-dependent situations—specifically, to viscoelastic problems of solid propellants and solid-propellant rocket motors.

The work described here has immediate application to propellant grains and rocket nozzles. But this method has general application beyond solid-propulsion technology. Accordingly, with the view that broader distribution will ultimately be authorized, the body of the report contains no allusion to propellants or rockets.

### ABSTRACT

A new numerical method for the solution of heat conduction problems in thermally anisotropic, nonhomogeneous bodies of complex geometry was devised which is based on a discretization concept developed in the matrix analysis of structures. This discretization method, commonly referred to as the finite element method, reduces the problem formulation to the solution of a matrix equation for the nodal point temperatures of the assembly of finite elements. The resulting matrix equation is stable for any time step. The method is extremely flexible and easy to apply. The method was applied by writing a computer program for the solution of heat conduction problems in plane, thermally anisotropic, nonhomogeneous bodies.

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### Section I. INTRODUCTION

The approximate analysis of heat conduction and other diffusion phenomena in bodies of complex geometry has generally been accomplished by using various finite difference techniques, e.g., [1]. These methods suffer from a number of limitations or restrictions which depend on the type of formulation. Explicit finite difference methods, for example, have stability criteria that often make the time increment equirements excessively small, which in turn make computation time excessively large. Regular grid arrays, which yield simple finite difference operators are difficult to adapt to complex boundaries. This problem is compounded when multi-material bodies are considered, since each material interface must be treated as a boundary.

Other types of solution are becoming more common, especially those approximate methods based on variational principles [2]. This fact, coupled with experience and ideas developed in applying variational methods to the matrix analysis of structures, has led to the present development. From this previous experience it was expected that the use of finite element methods would make multi-material bodies and bodies of complex geometry more amenable to solution, as well as providing a compatible nodal point system for coupled usage with numerical stress analysis procedures based on similar concepts.

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The present work applies a variational method, along with a discretization concept developed in the matrix analysis of structures, to numerical analysis of heat conduction in thermally anisotropic, nonhomogeneous bodies. This discretization method, commonly referred to as the finite element method, reduces the problem formulation to the solution of a matrix equation for the nodal-point temperatures of the assembly of finite elements.

First, a functional of the temperature field and of its first time derivative is introduced. Then it is shown that when the functional is an extremum, it satisfies the heat conduction equation throughout the body and satisfies general flux boundary conditions over the part of the boundary where the temperature is not specified. Under the assumption of a piecewise linear temperature distribution in a small quadrilateral element which is made up of four triangular elements with linear temperature distributions, the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>After the initiation of this work, a similar approach to this problem was published by Nickell and Wilson [3].

variational principle is used to establish a matrix equation for the element in terms of its corner, or nodal-point, temperatures and its boundary conditions. Since this is done in a matrix formulation, the resulting equations for the assemblage of finite elements constituting the body of interest are easily assembled by methods of matrix algebra.

The resulting matrix equation is stable for any time step, thus offering potential advantages over the explicit finite difference methods in computer running time. Each quadrilateral element in the assemblage may have distinct and anisotropic thermal properties. Complex geometries can be approximated as closely as desired with a piecewise linear boundary.

Although the development is done in general terms, the computer program written to demonstrate the method is limited to a plane, nonhomogeneous body whose axes of anisotropy must be in the same Cartesian frame over the body. Internal heat generation is neglected, but adiabatic, constant flux, convective, and temperature boundary conditions may be applied. Extension of the program to general anisotropy, internal heat generation, and axially symmetric bodies can be easily accomplished. Extension to three-dimensional geometries is straightforward in concept but will involve extension of present programming concepts.

### Section II. FORMULATION OF THE VARIATIONAL PRINCIPLES

Let  $\Pi$ , a functional of the temperature field U(x, y, z) and the first time derivative of the temperature field U(x, y, z), be defined by (1).

$$\Pi(U, \dot{U}) = \int_{V} \left\{ \frac{1}{z} U_{i} k_{ij} U_{ij} + \rho c U \dot{U} - Q U \right\} dV 
- \int_{S} n_{i} - q_{i} U dS ,$$
(1)

where

V = volume of the region,

S = boundary of the region,

 $k_{ij} \equiv k_{ij}(x, y, z) = thermal-conductivity tensor,$ 

 $c \equiv c(x, y, z) = specific heat,$ 

 $\rho \equiv \rho(x, y, z) = density,$ 

Q = internal heat-source density,

q = heat flux vector across a boundary, and

n. = unit normal vector.

A comma denotes differentiation with respect to the following subscript, and repeated subscripts imply summation. The quantities k, c and  $\rho$  are assumed to be temperature and time independent. Q and q are specified functions of time, and S and V, characterizing the region, do not change.

The variation of  $\Pi(U,U)$  with respect to U (with  $\mathring{U}$  held constant) is given by

$$\delta \Pi = \frac{\partial \Pi(U + \epsilon \lambda, \dot{U})}{\partial \epsilon}$$
,

where  $\epsilon$  is a small parameter and  $\lambda$  is any one of a family of functions that is 0 on the portions of S on which temperature is specified and arbitrary elsewhere. An extremum of the function II is sought, which implies that  $\delta \Pi(U, \hat{U})$  must be zero, i.e.,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>A similar variational principle for isotropic materials is given in [4].

$$\underbrace{8\Pi(U+\epsilon\lambda, \hat{U})}_{8\epsilon} = 0 .$$

Starting with

$$\Pi(U + \epsilon \lambda, \dot{U}) = \int_{V} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} (U + \epsilon \lambda)_{ij} k_{ij} (U + \epsilon \lambda)_{ij} + \rho c (U + \epsilon \lambda) \dot{U} - Q(U + \epsilon \lambda) \right\} dV$$

$$- \int_{C} n_{ij} q_{ij} (U + \epsilon \lambda)_{ij} dS , \qquad (2)$$

there results

$$\frac{\varrho \Pi (U + \epsilon \lambda, \dot{U})}{\vartheta \epsilon} = \int_{V} \left[ (U + \epsilon \lambda)_{i} k_{ij} \lambda \right]_{i} - k_{ij} (U + \epsilon \lambda)_{ij} \lambda$$

$$+ \rho c \lambda \dot{U} - Q \lambda \right] dV - \int_{S} n_{i} q_{i} \lambda dS. \qquad (3)$$

The volume integral

$$\int_{V} (U_{i} k_{ij} \lambda)_{ij} dV$$

can be transformed irtha surface integral

$$\int_{V} \{U_{,i} k_{ij} \lambda\}_{,j} dV = \int_{S} n_{i} k_{ij} U_{,j} \lambda dS$$

which gives, when (3) is evaluated at  $\epsilon = 0$ ,

$$\frac{\partial \Pi(U + \epsilon \lambda, \dot{U})}{\partial \epsilon} \bigg|_{\epsilon = 0} = \int_{V} (-k_{ij}U, j_{i} + \rho c\dot{U} - Q) \lambda dV$$

$$+ \int_{C} n_{i}k_{ij}U, j \lambda dS - \int_{C} n_{i}q_{i}\lambda dS = 0. (4)$$

The vanishing of  $\delta\Pi$  requires then, that in V

$$k_{ij} U_{ji} = \rho c \hat{U} - Q$$
 (5)

and on S

 $n_i k_{ij} U_{ij} \simeq n_i q_i$ .

Eq. (5) is the Fourier heat equation and (6) defines the heat flux q at the surface of the body. Therefore a function U which gives an extremum of the functional defined by (1) satisfies both the field equation and boundary equations of transient heat conduction in an anisotropic body.

### Section III. DISCRETIZATION OF THE FROSLEM

In the preceding development,  $\Pi(U,\hat{U})$  is a function of any functions U and  $\hat{U}$  which will estisfy the boundary conditions on S. However, if the choice of U and  $\hat{U}$  is restricted such that their only arbitrariness is in certain constants in their formulation, the functional  $\Pi$  becomes a real-valued function. In particular, if the constants are the vector of nodal-point values, g and g of U and  $\hat{U}$ ,  $\Pi$  becomes  $\Pi(g,\hat{g})$ . Finding an extremum of this real-valued function is equivalent to satisfying the following.

$$\frac{\partial \Pi(y_i, \dot{y})}{\partial u_i} = 0 . (7)$$

In the following, the body will be considered to be divided into a number of tetrahedral or plane triangular elements. These are, in some sense, small with respect to the temperature gradient and boundary contours such that the temperature distribution and boundary can be represented by a piecewise linear approximation. The notal points for the numerical analysis will be the vertices of the elements.

Let the temperature field in an element be given by

$$U(x, y, z, t) = \phi(x, y, z) Au(t)$$
 (3)

and the time rate of temperature change in the element be given by

$$\dot{\mathbf{U}}(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y},\mathbf{z},\mathbf{t}) = \psi(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y},\mathbf{z}) \underset{\Xi}{\mathbf{B}} \dot{\mathbf{u}}(\mathbf{t}) , \qquad (9)$$

where  $\phi$  and  $\psi$  are vectors which specify the spatial dependence of U and  $\dot{U}$  and  $\dot{u}$  are the vectors of nodal point values. The matrices of constants,  $\dot{A}$  and  $\dot{B}$ , are defined by the above relationships.

The temperature gradient U, in the element can be expressed in terms of the nodal-point temperature by

$$\Delta U \equiv \begin{bmatrix} U, \\ X \\ U, \\ Y \\ U, \end{bmatrix} = \underset{\mathbb{Z}}{\mathbb{D}} \phi \underset{\mathbb{Z}}{\mathbb{D}} u = \underset{\mathbb{Z}}{\phi} \overset{1}{\mathbb{A}} u . \tag{10}$$

The notation & indicates the matrix A, and y the vector u.

It should be noted that throughout this development, the fields
U and U have been taken to be independent. In the computer program,
however, \( \phi \) and \( \psi \), and therefore \( \text{A} \) and \( \text{B} \), were taken to be the same.

Writing II in terms of nodal point quantities,

$$\Pi(\underline{u}, \underline{\dot{u}}) = \int_{V} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \underline{u}^{T} \underline{A}^{T} \underline{\phi}^{T} \frac{1}{2} \underline{\phi}^{T} \underline{A}^{T} \underline{\phi}^{T} \underline{$$

Taking the first variation with respect to u (i.e.,  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$ ) and setting it equal to zero, there results

$$\delta \Pi = K_{u} - Q^{*} + C_{u} = Q^{*} = 0 , \qquad (12)$$

where

$$\mathcal{G} = \int_{V} \rho c \, \mathbb{A}^{T} \, \phi^{T} \psi \, \mathbb{B} \, dV \quad . \quad , \tag{14}$$

$$Q^* = \int_V Q_R^T \phi^T dV \qquad , \qquad (15)$$

and

$$\mathbf{g}^* = \int_{\mathbf{S}} \mathbf{A}^{\mathrm{T}} \boldsymbol{\phi}^{\mathrm{T}} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{q} \, d\mathbf{S} \qquad (16)$$

Boundary conditions of four types will now be considered:

- (1) Specified temperature,  $u_i = constant$  (boundary segment  $S_i$ ).
- (2) Specified flux,  $q = \overline{q}$  (boundary segment  $S_2$ ),
- (3) Convective, q = h(u<sub>1</sub>-u<sub>0</sub>), where h is a film coefficient and u<sub>0</sub> is the environmental temperature (boundary segment S<sub>3</sub>), and
- (4) Adiabatic, q = 0 (boundary segment  $S_4$ ).

The boundary integral (16) now becomes

$$\mathbf{g}^* = \mathbf{\bar{q}}^* + \mathbf{H}\mathbf{g} - \mathbf{h}^* , \qquad (17)$$

where  $\tilde{\mathbf{g}}^* = \int_{\mathbf{S}_2} \tilde{\mathbf{p}}^T \mathbf{p} \tilde{\mathbf{q}} dS$ , (16)

$$H = h \left( \sum_{S_3}^{A} \phi^T \phi A dS \right), \tag{19}$$

and  $h^* = hu_0 \int_{S_3}^{R} A^T \phi^T dS. \qquad (20)$ 

The integral over  $S_1$  is zero since the variation of the functional was specified as zero over that portion of the boundary, and the integral over  $S_4$  is zero since there is no heat flow across the boundary.

To assure the extremum of the functional II, it is necessary then to find the nodal-point temperatures y which satisfy the following matrix equation.

$$(\kappa - H) u + C \dot{u} - \bar{q}^* - Q^* + h^* = 0$$
 (21)

### Section IV. SOLUTION OF THE GOVERNING MATRIX EQUATION

### 1. Solution Method

To solve (21), note that u and u are functions of time and Qo, q\* and h\* are given functions of time. Let the time variable be restricted to the following set of variables.

$$t_i = i \Delta t$$
,  $i = 0, 1, 2, ...$ 

Subscripts "i" in the subsequent development indicate that the subscripted quantities are evaluated at  $t=t_{\star}$ .

Let (21) be written as

$$K_{\underline{u}_{i}} + C_{\underline{u}_{i}} = f_{\underline{u}_{i}} , \qquad (22)$$

where

and

$$K = K - H$$

$$E = Q^* + \overline{Q}^* - h^*$$

If  $\ddot{u}$  is assumed constant for  $t_i \le t \le t_{i+1}$ , then  $\ddot{\ddot{u}}_i \ne [\dot{\dot{u}}_{i+1} - \dot{\dot{u}}_i]/\Delta t$  and from Taylor's expansion about  $t = t_i$ 

Eqs. (22) and (23) now are sufficient to determine  $u_{i+1}$  and  $\dot{u}_{i+1}$  in terms of  $u_i$  and  $\dot{u}_i$ . Solving (23) for  $\dot{u}_{i+1}$  yields

$$\dot{\mathbf{u}}_{i+1} = \frac{2}{\Delta t} \left[ \mathbf{u}_{i+1} - \mathbf{u}_{i} \right] - \dot{\mathbf{u}}_{i} . \tag{24}$$

Substituting this value into (22) gives

$$\left( \underset{\approx}{K} + \frac{2}{\Delta t} \underset{\approx}{C} \right) u_{i+1} = f_{i+1} + c \left[ \frac{2u_i}{\Delta t} + \dot{u}_i \right]. \tag{25}$$

Also from (22),

$$\dot{\mathbf{u}}_{i} = \dot{\mathbf{g}}^{-1} \mathbf{f}_{i} - \mathbf{g}^{-1} \mathbf{K} \mathbf{u}_{i} . \tag{26}$$

Substituting (26) into (25) results in

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{K} + \frac{2}{\Delta t} & \mathbf{C} \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{u}_{i+1} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{\Delta t} & \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{K} \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{u}_{i} + \mathbf{f}_{i} + \mathbf{f}_{i+1} . \tag{27}$$

A simpler computation results by rewriting (27) as

$$\left( \underset{\approx}{K} + \frac{2}{\Delta t} \underset{\approx}{\mathcal{L}} \right) \underset{i+1}{\mathcal{L}} = - \left( \underset{\approx}{K} + \frac{2}{\Delta t} \underset{\approx}{\mathcal{L}} \right) \underset{i}{\mathcal{L}}_{i} + \frac{4}{\Delta t} \underset{\approx}{\mathcal{L}} \underset{i}{\mathcal{L}}_{i} + \underset{i+1}{\mathcal{L}}_{i+1}$$
 (28)

or

$$\left(\mathbb{K} + \frac{2}{\Delta t} \mathbb{C}\right) \left(\frac{\dot{y}_{i+1} + \dot{y}_{i}}{2}\right) = \frac{2}{\Delta t} \mathbb{C} \underbrace{y}_{i} \div \left(\frac{\dot{\xi}_{i} + \dot{\xi}_{i+1}}{2}\right) , \quad (29)$$

where  $u_{i+1}$  is found from the auxiliary calculation.

$$\underline{u}_{i+1} = 2\left(\frac{\underline{u}_{i+1} + \underline{u}_i}{2}\right) - \underline{u}_i . \tag{30}$$

For the solution of the heat flow in a multi-element body, it is necessary to assemble the element matrix equations (29) into a single matrix equation. This assembly is a complex task which can be performed in an efficient manner by a computer. The general method of assembly for matrix equations is given in [5], Section 7.2.

### 2. Stability of Solution Technique

To study the stability of the solution technique defined above by (27), i.e., the effect on the numerical solution of an error introduced at some step, consider the vector y which satisfies exactly the relation

$$(K + \frac{2}{\Delta t} C) u_{i+1} + (K - \frac{2}{\Delta t} C) u_{i} = f_{i} + f_{i+1} .$$
 (31)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Also note that if  $\Delta t$  is very large (29) reduces to K  $u_i = f_i$ , the steady-state form. Thus the steady-state solution can be obtained in one iteration from the computer program simply by making the single time increment very large.

Suppose that, at some step (i+1) in the calculation of y, an error (say round-off error) is introduced in the calculation (31), which can be rewritten in terms of the incorrect value y\* as

$$(K + \frac{2}{\Delta t} C) U_{i+1}^{+} + (K - \frac{2}{\Delta t} C) U_{i}^{+} = f_{i} + f_{i+1}$$
 (32)

Then subtracting (31) from (32) results in a recursive relation (33) for the error in y at step N. (N > i+1). Let  $g_N \equiv y_N - y_N^*$ ; then

$$(K + \frac{2}{\Delta t} C) e_N + (K - \frac{2}{\Delta t} C) e_{n-1} = 0$$
,  $N = i+1, i+2, ...$  (33)

Solving (33) for  $e_N$  results in

$$e_N = (K + \frac{2}{\Delta t} C)^{-1} (-K + \frac{2}{\Delta t} C) e_{N-1} \equiv A e_{N-1}$$

It follows inductively that

$$e_N = \Lambda^n e$$
 ,  $n = N - (i+1)$ 

where e is the error introduced at n = 0. Let  $\lambda^*$  be the absolute value of the largest element of the mxm matrix  $\Delta$ . Then

$$(m\lambda^*)^N e \ge \Lambda^N e$$
.

Consider solutions of the form

$$e_N = (m\dot{\lambda}^*)^N e = \lambda^n e$$
 ,  $n = N - (i+1)$  (34)

where  $\lambda$  is a positive constant. The error so defined is greater than or equal to the true error. Substituting (34) into (33),

$$\left(\underbrace{K}_{\Xi} + \frac{2}{\Delta t} \quad \underline{C}\right) \quad \lambda + \left(\underbrace{K}_{\Xi} \times \frac{2}{\Delta t} \quad \underline{C}\right) \quad \underline{e} = \underline{0} \quad ,$$

or, rearranging things slightly,

$$\mathbb{K}(\lambda+1) - \frac{2}{\Delta t} \mathbb{C}(1-\lambda) = 0.$$
 (35)

Defining

$$\omega = \frac{2}{\Delta t} \quad \left(\frac{1-\lambda}{1+\lambda}\right) \quad ,$$

(35) can be written

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K} - \omega \mathbf{C} \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{C} = \mathbf{C} . \tag{36}$$

If C is a positive definite matrix, then according to Wilkinson [6, p. 34] the eigenvalues  $\omega$  are all positive. This, in turn, requires that  $-|\lambda| < 1$ . It follows from (34) that the error will decrease as N increases. Since  $|\lambda| < 1$  for any value of  $\Delta t > 0$ , the solution scheme is unconditionally stable if C is positive definite. This property of C is dependent on the assumed forms for  $\phi$ , which, as indicated in Section V.1, give a positive definite C for the forms assumed in the present development.

# Section V. FORMULATION OF ELEMENT CONDUCTIVITY, SPECIFIC HEAT, AND OTHER MATRICES

### 1. Triangular Element Matrices

In the sequel, specialization to a plane Cartesian system will be made in which case the field relations expressed by (6) and (9) reduce to

$$U(x,y,t) = \varrho(x,y) \mathop{\mathbb{A}}_{x} u(t) \tag{37}$$

and

$$\mathring{\mathbf{U}}(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y},\mathbf{t}) = \psi(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y}) \underset{\mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{B}} \mathring{\mathbf{u}}(\mathbf{t}) . \tag{38}$$

In the absence of other motivations, it is convenient to let

$$\phi(x,y) \equiv \psi(x,y) = \{1,x,y\} , \qquad (39)$$

$$\phi'(x,y) \equiv \psi'(x,y) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} ,$$
(40)

and

Using the nomenclature of Fig. 1,

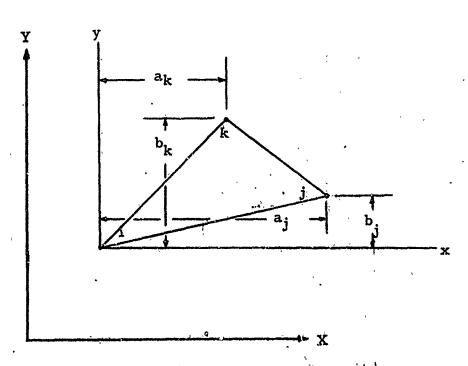


FIG. 1. PLANE TRIANGULAR ELEMENT

the matrix A, from its definition in (37) and (39), can be for d to be

$$A = \frac{1}{a_{j}b_{k}-a_{k}b_{j}} \begin{bmatrix} a_{j}b_{k}-a_{k}b_{j} & 0 & 0 \\ b_{j}-b_{k} & b_{k} & -b_{j} \\ a_{k}-a_{j} & -a_{k} & a_{j} \end{bmatrix}$$
(41)

Eqs. (37)-(41) are sufficient to define a linear, spatial, temperature field and a linear, spatial, temperature-rate field in terms of the nodal point values of the temperature and temperature rate, respectively.

Since A and  $\phi$  are constant over the element, (13)-(16) may be written

$$\overset{K}{\approx} = \overset{A}{\approx} \overset{T}{\phi} \overset{T}{\approx} \overset{A}{\approx} \overset{A}{\approx} \overset{A}{\approx} \overset{A}{\approx} \overset{A}{\approx} \tag{42}$$

$$\overset{\mathbf{C}}{\mathbf{g}} = \rho \mathbf{c} \overset{\mathbf{A}}{\mathbf{g}} \overset{\mathbf{T}}{\mathbf{g}} \overset{\mathbf{D}}{\mathbf{g}} \overset{\mathbf{$$

$$Q^* = Q \underset{\approx}{\mathbb{A}}^T \int_{\Lambda} \phi^T d\Lambda \qquad , \tag{44}$$

and

$$g^* = \underset{\approx}{\mathbb{A}}^T \int_{S} \phi^T \underset{\approx}{\mathbb{B}} g \, dS \quad , \tag{45}$$

if K,  $\rho c$ ; and Q are also taken as constant in an element.

These integrals are easily evaluated in terms of the first and second moments of area.

The boundary integrals in (18)-(20) also simplify to

$$\ddot{\mathbf{g}}^* = A^T \int_{S_2} \phi^T \mathbf{n} \ddot{\mathbf{g}} dS , \qquad (46)$$

$$H_{\approx} = h \underset{\approx}{A}^{T} \left[ \int_{S_{3}} \phi^{T} \phi dS \right] \underset{\approx}{A} , \qquad (47)$$

and

$$\mathbf{h}^* = \mathbf{h}\mathbf{u}_{\phi} \overset{\mathbf{A}}{\approx}^{\mathbf{T}} \int_{\mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{a}}} \boldsymbol{\phi}^{\mathbf{T}} \, d\mathbf{S} . \tag{48}$$

The coefficient matrices appearing in (29) may now be written

$$K = A^{T} \phi^{T} k \phi^{A} A - h A^{T} \left[ \int_{S_{3}} \phi^{T} \phi dS \right] A$$

$$= A^{T} \left[ \phi^{T} k \phi^{A} - h \int_{S_{3}} \phi^{T} \phi dS \right] A \qquad (49)$$

$$S = \rho c A^{T} \left[ \int_{A} \phi^{T} \phi \, dA \right] A \qquad (50)$$

and

$$\hat{\mathbf{L}} = \mathbf{Q} \underbrace{\mathbf{A}}^{T} \int_{\mathbf{A}} \phi^{T} d\mathbf{A} + \underbrace{\mathbf{A}}^{T} \int_{\mathbf{S}_{2}} \phi^{T} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{g} d\mathbf{S} - \mathbf{h} \mathbf{u}_{0} \underbrace{\mathbf{A}}^{T} \int_{\mathbf{S}_{3}} \phi^{T} d\mathbf{S}$$

$$= \underbrace{\mathbf{A}}^{T} \left[ \mathbf{Q} \int_{\mathbf{A}} \phi^{T} d\mathbf{A} + \int_{\mathbf{S}_{2}} \phi^{T} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{g} d\mathbf{S} - \mathbf{h} \mathbf{u}_{0} \int_{\mathbf{S}_{3}} \phi^{T} d\mathbf{S} \right] . (51)$$

In the development of the computer program  $\phi$  was taken in the linear form

$$\phi(x,y) = \{1,x,y\},$$

and

$$\phi'(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y}) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

In this case, for a triangular element, (50) becomes

$$C = \frac{\rho c A}{12} \qquad \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

which is positive definite as required for stability in Section IV. 2.

### 2. Quadrilateral Element Matrices

It is convenient in terms of programming logic to work with a quadrilateral element. For this purpose a quadrilateral element composed of four triangular elements, as shown in Fig. 2, was used in the present computer program. The four triangles are determined by defining the coordinates of the common point to be the average of the coordinates of the other four points. The common point is eliminated from explicit representation by the following procedure.

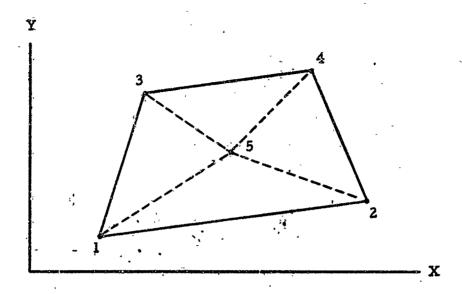


FIG. 2. QUADRILATERAL ELEMENT

The matrix equation for this quadrilateral element can be expressed by assembling the matrix equations for each triangular element by addition of terms at each nodal point in the manner used in the direct stiffness method of structural analysis. Eq. (22) for a quadrilateral element takes the form

$$\begin{bmatrix} K_{11} & K_{12} & K_{23} & K_{14} & K_{15} \\ K_{21} & K_{22} & K_{23} & K_{24} & K_{25} \\ K_{31} & K_{32} & K_{33} & K_{34} & K_{35} \\ K_{41} & K_{42} & K_{43} & K_{44} & K_{45} \\ K_{51} & K_{52} & K_{53} & K_{54} & K_{55} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \\ u_3 \\ u_4 \\ u_5 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} & 0 & C_{55} \\ C_{21} & C_{22} & 0 & C_{24} & C_{25} \\ C_{31} & 0 & C_{33} & C_{34} & C_{35} \\ 0 & C_{42} & C_{43} & C_{44} & C_{45} \\ C_{51} & C_{52} & C_{53} & C_{54} & C_{55} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{u}_1 \\ \dot{u}_2 \\ \dot{u}_3 \\ \dot{u}_4 \\ \dot{u}_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

See [5], Section 7.2 for a description of this assembly method.

Rewriting this, there results

$$\begin{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{i}j} \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{j}} \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{i}} \end{bmatrix} \\ \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{i}j} \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{G}_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{j}} \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{G}_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{j}} \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{i}} \end{bmatrix} \\ \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{S}\mathbf{j}} \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{S}\mathbf{S}} \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{j}} \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{G}_{\mathbf{I}\mathbf{S}} \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{G}_{\mathbf{I}\mathbf{S}} \end{bmatrix} & \mathbf{G}_{\mathbf{S}\mathbf{S}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{I}\mathbf{J}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{G}_{\mathbf{I}\mathbf{J}} \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{I}, \mathbf{J} = 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots$$
(53)

where  $[K_{ij}]$  and  $[C_{ij}]$  represent the  $4\times 4$  submatrices of the complete matrices in (52) and  $[C_{is}]$  and  $[K_{5j}]$  are column and row vectors. The subscripts i, j now represent nodal points, instead of time increments. Eq. (53) can then be written as two equations,

$$[K_{ij}][u_j] + [K_{ij}]u_i + [C_{ij}][u_j] + [C_{ij}]u_j = [t_j]$$
 (54)

and

$$[K_{5j}][u_j] + K_{55} u_5 + [C_{5j}][\dot{u}_j] + C_{55} \dot{u}_5 = f_5$$
 (55)

The interior nodal point quantities  $u_5$  and  $u_5$  cannot be eliminated from (54) by use of (55) as it stands. However, if the specific heat matrix  $C(5 \times 5)$  is approximated by lumping the heat capacities at the four external nodal points, C becomes a diagonal matrix with  $C_{55} = 0$  and (54) can be written

$$[K_{ij}][u_j] + [K_{i5}]u_5 + [C_{ij}][u_j] = [f_j]$$
 (55)

and

$$[K_{5j}][u_j] + K_{55} u_5 = f_5$$
 , (57)

in which  $[C_{ij}]$  is now the  $(4 \times 4)$  submatrix of the diagonal-lumped specific heat matrix.

Solving (57) for us and substituting into (56), there results

$$[K_{ij}][u_j] + [K_{i5}]K_{55}^{-1} \{f_5 - [K_{5j}][u_j]\} + [C_{ij}][u_j] = [f_j]$$
 (58)

or

$$\left\{ \left[ K_{ij} \right] - \left[ K_{j5} \right] K_{55}^{-1} \left[ K_{5j} \right] \right\} \left[ u_{ij} \right] + \left[ C_{ij} \right] \left[ u_{ij} \right] = \left[ f_{ij} \right] - \left[ K_{i5} \right] K_{55}^{-1} \tilde{f}_{5} . (59)$$

This form of the specific heat matrix is also positive definite.

This equation, (59), not is analogous to (22) except that K and C are now 4 x 4 matrices and f is a 4 x 1 vector.

### Section VI. COMPUTER PROGRAMS

### 1. Description

The organization and coding of the present computer programs rely heavily on concepts developed previously in finite element structural analysis programs, particularly those described in [5]. Two programs are described below. AMG042 is the heat-conduction program, and AMG042P is an associated plot program which may be used to aid in reducing the output data to graphical form.

Program AMG042, which has been written to effect the solution of the matrix equations formulated in Section V, is somewhat more restricted than that development. Although the steps necessary to generalize the program are obvious, these are not necessarily trivial. Presently the directions of anisotropy of conductivity of each element must all lie in the same Cartesian frame. Likewise there is no provision for internal heat generation. However the material properties may vary from element to element.

The development has, in general, been applicable to bodies of fairly arbitrary shape. However, the necessity of employing a formal solution method consistent with minimum effort in data input has resulted in some restraints in the computer program. The network of quadrilaterals needed for solution was regularized with a two-dimensional nodal-point identification array, which then provided a systematic framework for solution of the matrix equation. This grid method was first developed for stress analysis purposes, and, although it is described in some detail in Section VI.2, a more comprehensive treatment is given in [6]. Aside from the requirements on grid network, some further restrictions are imposed by the boundary condition subroutines which are described below.

In setting up the program logic, it became obvious that including completely general time-dependent boundary-condition options for arbitrary geometry would be extremely difficult. Therefore, it was decided to handle the boundary conditions by separate short routines to be prepared for each class of problems. The boundary condition subroutines included in this report are written to apply only to a rectangular nodal-point identification array. This does not imply that the program in its present form is limited to a rectangular region.

The sequence of operations of AMG042 is given by the flow chart shown in Fig. 3. The coefficients of the complete matrix equation are assembled from the coefficients of each quadrilateral in a manner analogous to the direct stiffness method of structural analysis. See [6], p. 28, for a more detailed description of the assembly process. Modifications for boundary conditions are made in a similar manner.

### 2. Mesh Layout and Generation

The requirement of closely approximating the contours of complex regions, together with the desirability of a fine mesh size and its attendant high accuracy, makes the use of a large number of nodal points desirable. The program allows the user to employ a maximum of 496 quadrilateral nodal points. Obviously the layout and specification for the program of the locations of such a number of points is a tedious and time-consuming job in which the probability of human error is high. To minimize this effort and to preserve as much general utility as possible, a scheme for the internal (to the program) generation of much of the required data has been incorporated in the program. This same scheme has been used previously in stress analysis programs [6]. Certain restrictions are imposed on the layout of the nodal points, but the reduction in the effort required to effect the solution of a given problem adequately compensates for these restrictions.

To lay out a nodal-point system for the body to be analyzed, the region of the x-y plane constituting the body is covered (insofar as any curved boundaries will permit) with an array of convex quadrilaterals. Each vertex of a quadrilateral is called a nodal point or node. Each nodal point is identified by an ordered pair of positive integers, denoted by (I, J). The nodes may thus be thought of as a subset of the lattice points in the I-J plane. Nodes with common second member J are said to lie in the same row, although this implies nothing about their location in the x-y plane.

The scheme for mesh generation may be thought of as representing a one-to-one mapping from the I-J plane into the x-y plane. Fig. 4 illustrates this mapping. The points in the I-J plane

The use of a quadrilateral element with a vertex angle greater than 180° may result in erroneous calculations for that element. A vertex angle of 180°, which is acceptable, gives the quadrilateral the appearance of a triangle.

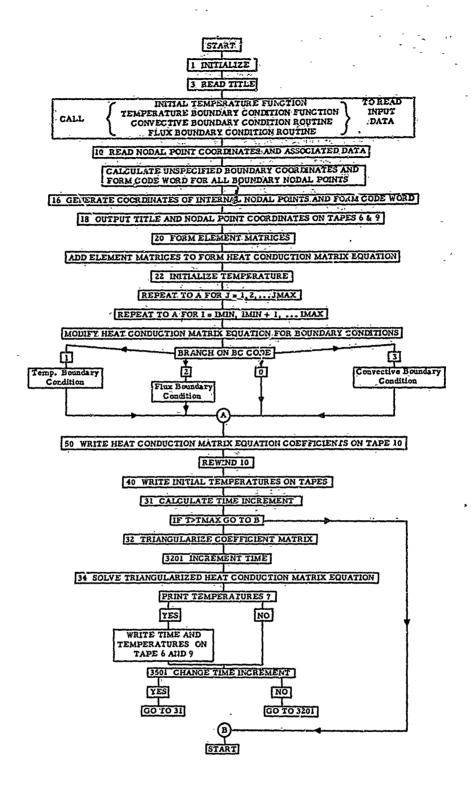
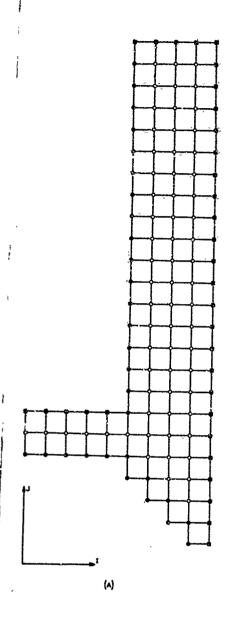


FIG. 3. FLOW CHART FOR AMG04%



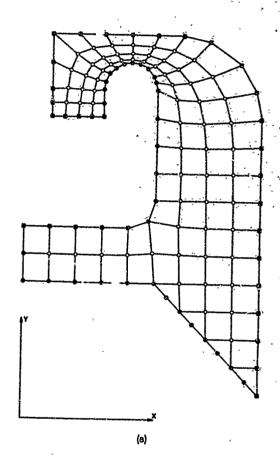


FIG. 4. DEMONSTRATION GRID

are shown in Fig. 4a and their image points in the x-y plane are shown in Fig. 4b. It can be seen that the inverse images of the quadrilateral erals in the x-y plane are squares in the I-J plane. Each quadrilateral (or continuum element) is identified by the I, J coordinates of the node whose inverse image lies at the lower left-hand vertex of the inverse image of the quadrilateral. Thus the nodes which are vertices of element (I, J) are the nodes (I, I). (I+1, J), (I, J+1), and (I+1, J+1). It may be noted that not every boundary node need have an element associated with it. In Fig. 4, circles represent nodes associated with elements and squares those which are not associated with any element. The unfilled circles represent nodes whose coordinates were generated by the program.

An important restriction, which is due to the bookkeeping procedure used in the program to seemble the element stiffness into the stiffness for the entire structure, may be phrased thus: if, in any given row, IMIN and IMAX are respectively the least and greatest value of I for which there is a node, then there must be a node in that row for each I such that IMIN  $\leq I \leq IMAX$ . For the present program IMAX  $\leq 16$  and JMAX  $\leq 31$ . The limiting values of IMAX and JMAX may be valied by changing the appropriate dimensions in the COMMON statements so as to stay within the capacity of the computer. All nodal points that define the boundary must have their coordinates specified and any other nodal points may either be specified or calculated by the internal generation scheme.

The mesh generation is accomplished in the following manner. A data card containing the values of I, J and the x, y coordinates is input to the computer for each node whose coordinates are to be specified. Such nodes must include at least all nodes on the boundary of the region of interest, as well as on any interfaces between regions of different materials. As many other nodes as the user may desire may have their coordinates specified, but no others are necessary. As the data cards are read, a list is compiled of the minimum and maximum values of I for each J, and each node for which coordinates have been input is identified and the coordinates are stored.

An option is included to permit the input of straight-line segments, corresponding to I = constant or J = constant, which are to be divided into equal increments. The I, J corresponding to the smallest I (or smallest J) is input in the first position on the card, with the I, J corresponding to the largest I (or largest J) being input in the second position. Corresponding x, y coordinates are input into the first and second coordinate positions. The line segment

is internally divided and assigned equally spaced nodal points. Note that TYPE, BCCODE, and IJCODE (described in Appendix A, 1.a) must be the same for all nodal points. If only a single code is to be input, the second I and J positions and the second coordinate positions are left blank. A polar-coordinate input option is also provided.

After all the desired nodal point cards have been input, the coordinates for all unspecified nodes which have I in the interval IMIN < I < IMAX for the proper J, are calculated for all J. The calculation, or mapping, of the coordinates is achieved by solving twice the finite-difference analogue of Laplace's equation on the lattice points in the I-J plane. First, the x coordinates of the boundary points are used as boundary values of the unknown harmonic function, and the functional values obtained on the interior points are taken as the x-coordinates of the corresponding image points in the x-y plane. A similar procedure yields the y-coordinates of the unspecified nodes. It should be noted that, in general, this method tends to yield nodal points with uniform spacing. If this is not deemed desirable, some nodal points interior to the region may have their coordinates specified to control the distribution of the remaining points.

### Section VII. ILLUSTRATIVE PROBLEMS

Several problems to illustrate the utility and accuracy of the program have been solved and, when possible, compared with formal solutions. Since these are of the form of illustrations, the problems are posed in dimensionless form wherein any consistent set of units may be inferred. Unless otherwise stated, K, p, and c were taken to be unity.

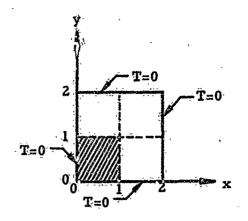
### 1. Specified Boundary Temperatures

To demonstrate the accuracy of the solution technique, the problem of an isotropic, homogeneous 2×2 square initially at a uniform temperature of 1 with boundaries held at 0 was solved. For a one-quarter symmetric section of the square, a 14×14 grid was used. The resulting temperature distributions along three constant coordinate lines are shown in Fig. 5 and compared with theoretical results from Carslaw and Jaeger [7]. Agreement is quite good.

### 2. Convective Boundary Condition

The problem of a hollow, circular cylinder with convective boundary conditions was run. Because of the assumed symmetry it was only necessary to run a sector-shape geometry with adiabatic boundary conditions on the straight sides and convective conditions on the inner and outer boundaries. A 45° sector was used, with an inner radius of 0.25 and outer radius of 1. The convective boundary conditions h (T-T<sub>0</sub>) used were 35.0 on the inner boundary and 70.0 on the outer boundary. Initial temperature was zero, and the enviroment temperature was 1.

Fig. 6 illustrates the comparison with the results from a finite-difference program [8]. As can be seen, agreement is essentially perfect. For this particular run, the time increment for the finite element solution was taken as 0.001 while the time increment was 0.000125 for the finite difference solution. When the time increment for the finite element solution was taken 10 times larger, 0.01, the oscillations shown in Fig. 7 occurred. Note that the boundary temperature, as indicated from results with smaller time increments, should have reached over 90% of its total temperature change during the first time increment of 0.01. Despite this crudeness and the resulting oscillations near the boundary, the solution near the center of the slab is fairly accurate for all times and the solution near the boundaries becomes more accurate for increasing time as the oscillation dies away. This is illustrated



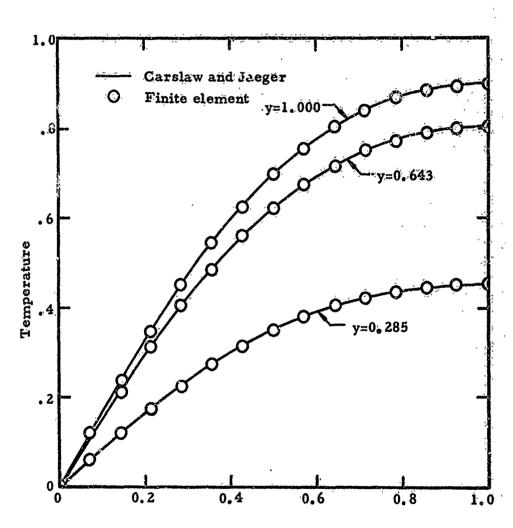


FIG. 5. TEMPERATURE IN A SQUARE

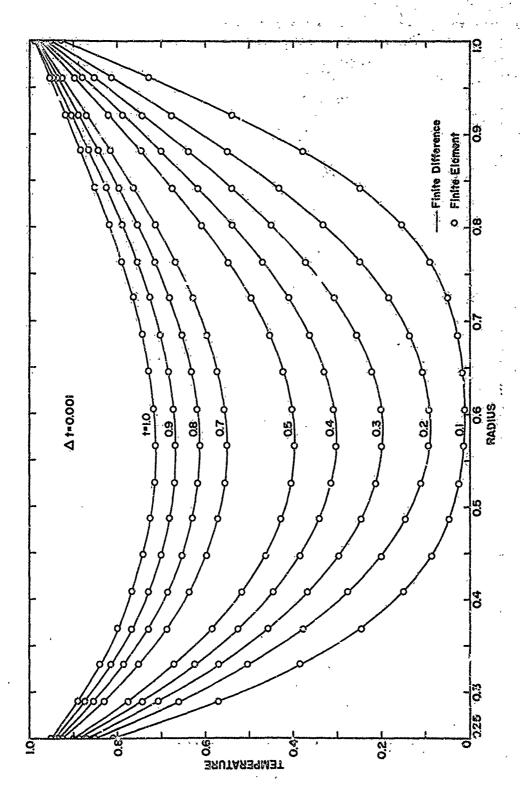


FIG. 6. HEAT CONDUCTION IN A CYLINDER WITH CONVECTIVE BOUNDARY CONDITIONS

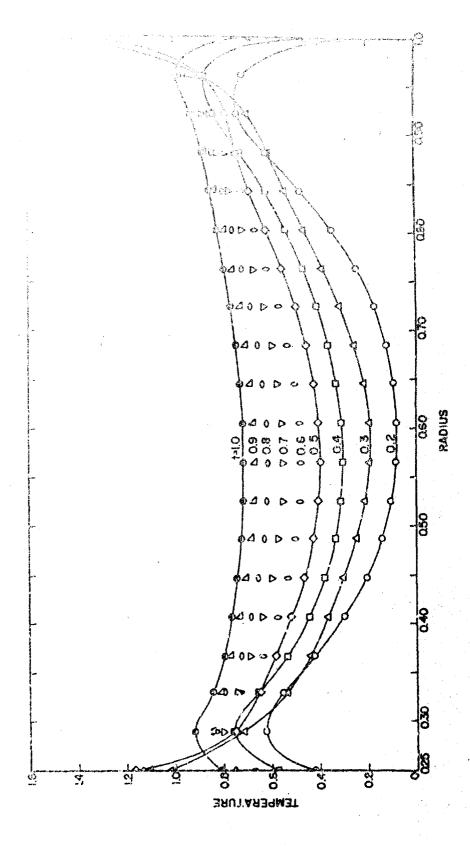


FIG. 7. OSCILLATIONS DUE TO LARGE TIME STEP IN HEATING OF A CYLINDER

in Fig. 8 in which the temperature at r = 0.25, r = 0.60, and r = 1.0 are plotted versus time.

### 3. Flux Boundary Condition

The behavior of constant-flux boundary conditions were investigated for a rectangular slab with a constant flux and supplied at two opposite faces while the other two faces were adiabatic. The slab was initially at a temperature of zero. The results are illustrated in Fig. 9. Only one-half of the slab is illustrated. The center is on the left of the figure. The lines are from the series solution of Carslaw and Jaeger [7].

### 4. Nonhomogeneous Properties

An axisymmetric cylinder with conductivity and specific heat which vary inversely with radius was studied. Initial temperature of the cylinder was given as zero and the internal and external boundary were subjected to a temperature of 1 at time t=0. The results are compared in Fig. 10 with the formal solution.

If  $K=\frac{K_0}{r}$  and  $\rho c=\frac{\rho_0 C_0}{r}$  , then for an axisymmetric cylinder the heat-conduction equation becomes

$$\frac{1}{r} \frac{d}{dr} \left( r K \frac{du}{dr} \right) = \rho c \frac{du}{dt}$$

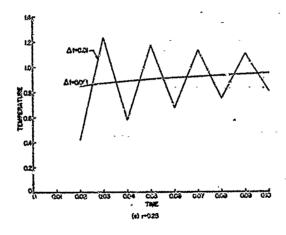
which reduces to

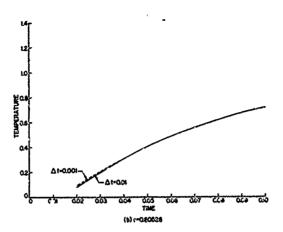
$$K_0 \frac{d^2u}{dr^2} = \rho_0 c_0 \frac{du}{dt}$$

which is the equation for a homogeneous slab. This solution was obtained from [7, p. 101] to plot in Fig. 10.  $K_0$  was taken to be unity and the product  $\rho_0 c_1$  was taken to be 5. Agreement with the formal solution is very good despite the crude mesh of nine radial increments.

### 5. Anisotropic Conductivity

The quadrilateral shown in Fig. 11, with the conductivity in the x-direction equal to 4 times the conductivity in the y-direction, was used to check the anisotropic features of the program. This can be checked with an isotropic body by the following analogy. Let  $k_x$ ,  $k_y$ , x, and y represent the conductivity, and coordinates





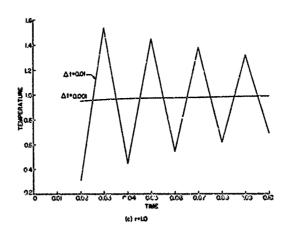


FIG. 8. TEMPERATURE OSCILLATIONS AT VARIOUS LOCATIONS IN CYLINDER

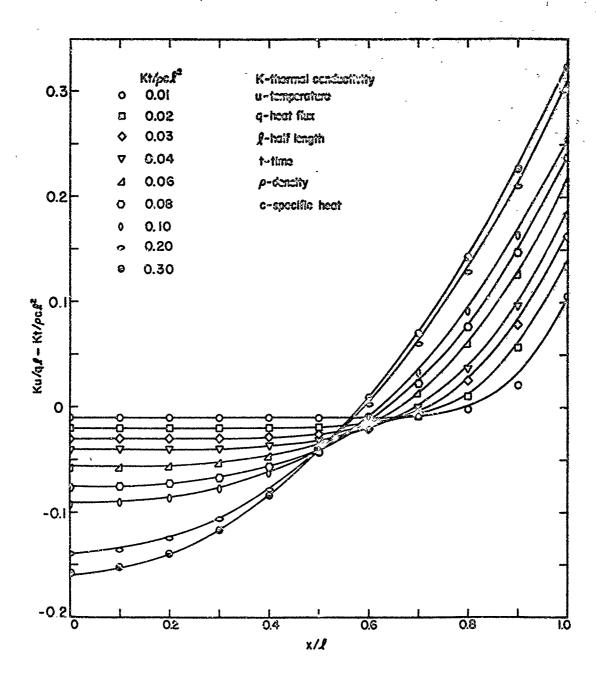


FIG. 9. TEMPERATURE IN A SLAB WITH CONSTANT-FLUX HEAT INPUT AT THE BOUNDARY

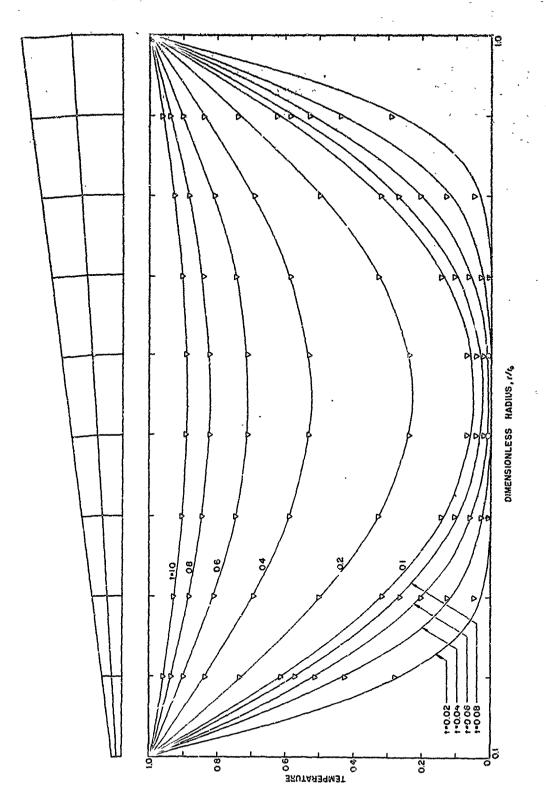


FIG. 10. HEATING OF A CYLINDER WITH NONHOMOGENEOUS PROPERTIES, K = 1/r, oc = 5/r

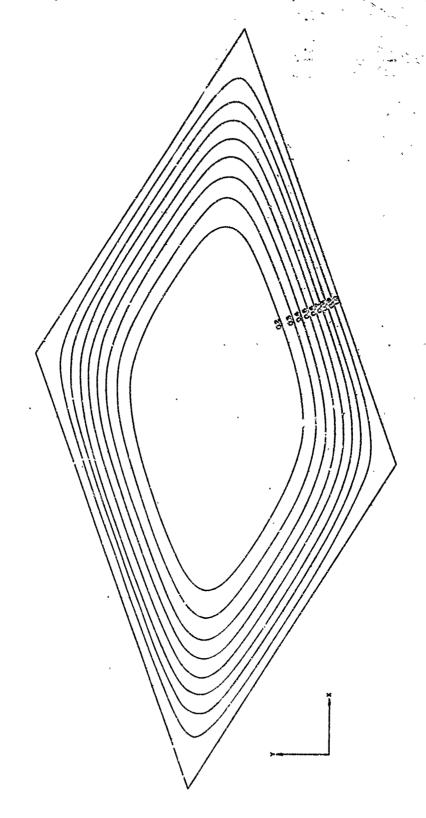


FIG. 11. TEMPERATURE CONTOURS IN AN ANISOTROPIC QUADRILLATERAL AT t

of the quadrilateral with the confident to the kernel and any positive number. The heat equation

$$k_{\mathbf{x}} \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial x^2} + k_{\mathbf{y}} \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial y} = 5c \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial z}$$

can be rewritten

$$k_{y} \left[ n^{2} \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial y^{2}} \right] = \rho c \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} .$$

If we define a new coordinate 2x = x, the equation may be written as

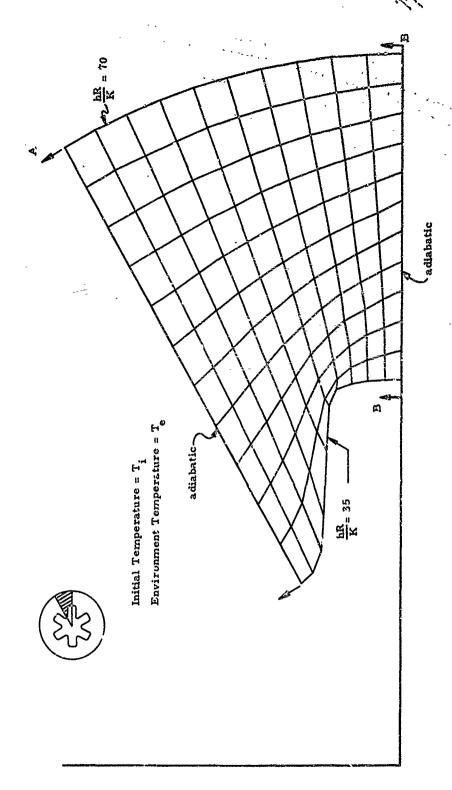
$$k_{y} \left[ \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial \hat{x}^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial y^{2}} \right] = \rho c \frac{du}{dt} .$$

Thus, the solution of an isotropic problem in  $\hat{x}$ , y coordinates with isotropic conductivity  $k_y$  gives a temperature field similar to an anisotropic problem with  $k_x = n^2 k_y$  and  $x = \hat{n}x$ .

For the present problem, the quadrilateral is, in fact, a square with the x coordinate doubled, and with  $k_x=4~k_y$ . For initial conditions of T=0 with the boundaries held at T=1, the transient-conduction problem was worked for both the isotropic square and the anisotropic quadrilateral. The temperature calculated in the two problems agreed to five significant figures. Temperature contours for the quadrilateral are shown in Fig. 11 for time t=0.05,  $k_x=4$ ,  $k_y=1.0$ ,  $\rho c=0.16$ . A mesh of  $16 \times 31$  was used.

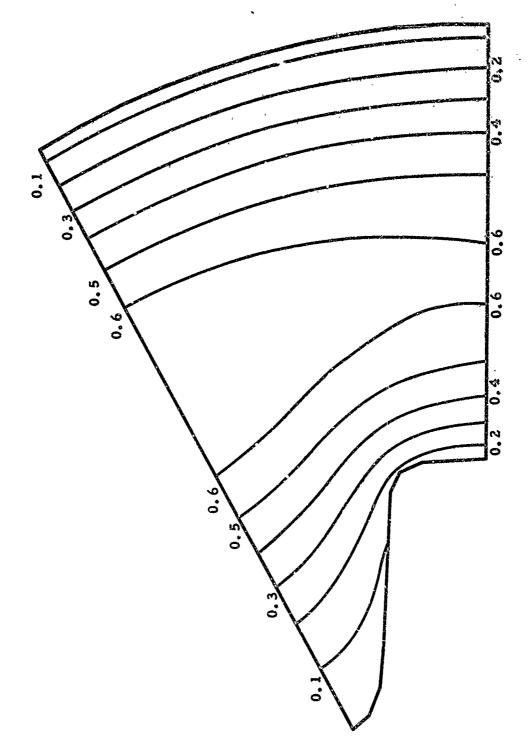
# 6. Complex Geometry

As an example of the utility of the program, an example is given in Figs. 12 through 15 which demonstrates its use on a one-sixth symmetric section of a cylinder with a star-shaped perforation subjected to severe convective cooling conditions. The geometry with the internally generated finite element grid is shown in Fig. 12. The initial temperature of the body was  $T_i$  and the environment temperature  $T_o$ . Results are presented in c nensionless quantities. Isotherms are demonstrated in Fig. 13, and in Figs. 14 and 15, temperature profiles are compared with those of Willoughby [9]. Willoughby's solution is shown in solid lines. Willoughby used a combination of conformal mapping and finite differences to obtain his solution.



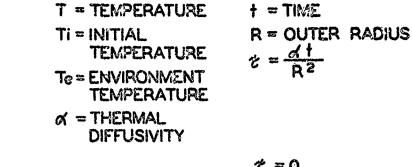
THE THE PARTY OF T

GRID LAYOUT ON SYMMETRIC SECTION OF SIX-POINT STAR-PERFORATED C'ILINDER FIG. 12.



Constitution of the second of

FIG. 13. CONTOURS OF DIMENSIONLESS TEMPERATURE  $\theta = (T - T_e/T_i - T_e)$  for DIMENSIONLESS TIME  $\tau = \alpha t/\Re^2$  of 0, 202



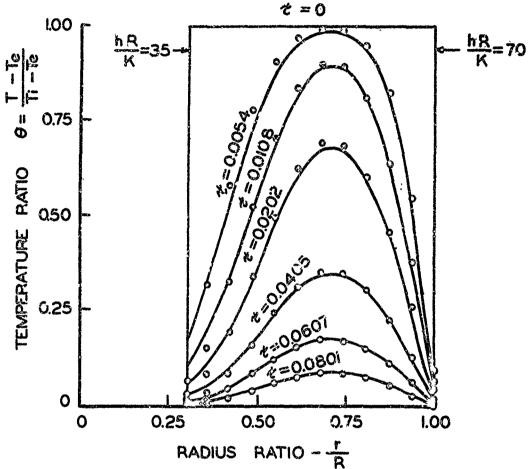


FIG. 14. THERMAL HISTORY COMPARISON AT SECTION A.A

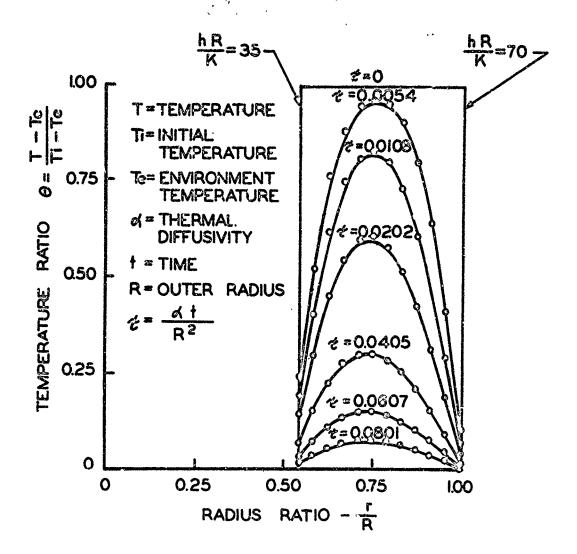


FIG. 15. THERMAL HISTORY COMPARISON AT SECTION B.B.

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#### APPENDIX

#### PROGRAM OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

## 1. Finite Element Heat Conduction Program AMG042

## a. Input Data

Initial temperatures must be specified at every point by an appropriately coded subroutine. The present subroutine is only usable for a uniform initial temperature in the body.

Constant temperature, constant flux, convection, or adiabatic conditions may be specified at any of the boundary points. Subroutines BCTEMP (constant temperature), BCCOND (constant flux), BCCONV (convection) for applying a boundary condition on any of four sides of a rectangular nodal point array are listed in this report. The adiabatic condition is imposed by the absence of other boundary conditions.

In the present program, as many as twenty sets of material properties may be specified and assigned to arbitrary elements.

An element is identified by the smallest I and smallest I associated with the nodal points which are its vertices and is said to be associated with the node which is also identified by this I and J. The kind of element associated with a nodal point is specified by a three-digit symbolic word TYPE (see Table I). The last two digits specify the set of thermal properties for the element. The first digit indicates whether or not the coordinates of the nodal point are specified and if an element is associated with that nodal point.

Two additional codes are used for each nodal point to go pertinent information relating to each element. BCCODE (see the II) branches the program to the correct boundary-condition subroutine. IJCODE (see Table III) indicates the nodal-point line segment to which the boundary condition applies. Only one segment per nodal point may be specified. The words TYPE, BCCODE, and IJCODE are combined internally into a single word, CODE, to conserve storage locations. FOT is output, for checking purposes, with the coordinates of that node. The first three digits of CODE are TYPE, the fourth digit is BCCODE and the fifth digit is IJCODE.

Table I Value and Meaning of Symbolic Word TYPE			
Value	Meaning		
X01, X02,, X20	Identifies the particular set of material properties to be associated with the element. Type X00 is equivalent to X01.		
ožx	Coordinates of nodal points are not speci-fied.		
1XX	Coordinates of nodal points are specified.		
2XX	No element is associated with the corpression responding nodal point.		

Table II Value and Meaning of Symbolic Word BCCODE		
Value	Meaning	
0	Adiabatic (or no boundary condition specified)	
<b>,1</b>	Temperature specified	
2	Flux specified	
3	Convection specified	

Table III Value and Meaning of Symbolic Word IJCODE			
Value	Meaning		
1	Boundary condition is applied on segment		
2	Boundary condition is applied on segment $(I_{7}I, J) \otimes                                  $		
3	$(I_{7}I,J)$		
Ą	③ (I, J-1)		

The input data dack is shown in Fig. 16, and the card format is given below.

-						
Card I	TITLE (12A6)					
Col	1-72	Any alphanumeric statement				
Card 2	Initial-Temperature Card (F10.5)					
Col	1-10	Initial Temperature				
Card 3	Bounda	Boundary-Temperature Card (4F10.5)				
£ ol	1-10		Input for speci- fied temperature			
	11-20	Management of the CMAY I	mperature ry condi-			
	21-30	Temperature for Side $J = 1$ tion.				
	31-40	Temperature for Side J = JMAX otherw	15e <b>,</b>			
Card 4	Bounda	Boundary-Flux Card (4F10.5)				
Col	1-10	Flux for Side I = IMIN Input f	Input for speci-			
	11-20	Flux for Side I = IMAX fied bo	. •			
	21-30	Flux for Side $J = 1$ flux. otherw				
	31-40	Flux for Side J = JMAX	•			
Gard 5	Bounda	Boundary-Convection Card (8F10.5)				
	1-10	Film coefficient Side I=IMIN	Imput for			
	11-20	Environment temperature	convec-			
	21-30	Film coefficient Side I=IMAX	=IMAX boundary			
	31-40	Environment temperature	condition. Zero			
	41-50	Film coefficient Side J=1	other-			
	51-60	Environment temperature J	wise.			
	61-70	Film coefficient Side J=JMAX	=JMAX			
	71-80	Environment temperature	•			

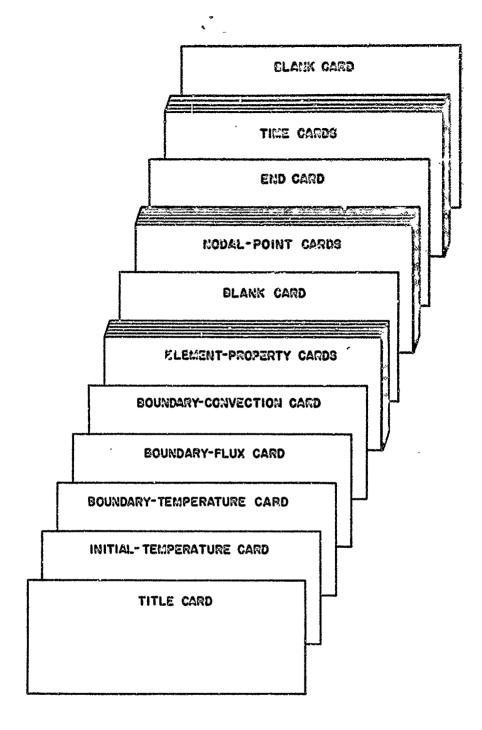


FIG. 16. DATA DECK FOR AMG042

```
Cards 6
            Element Property Cardo (5X, 15, 3F10.5)
    Col
            1-5
                     Blank
            6-10
                     Identifying number for data set. Range is from
                    0 to 20. 0 is interpreted internally as 1.
            11-20
                     Conductivity in x direction.
            21-30
                    Conductivity in y direction.
            31-40
                     Product of density and specific heat.
 Card 7
            Blank Card
 Cards 8
            Nodal-Point Cards (A5, I2, I3, I2, I3, 4F10.5, 3I5)
    Col
            1-5
                     Word - POLAR for polar coordinates, blank
                     otherwise.
            6-7
                    11
                                  lowest I (or J) for line segment.
            8-10
                     J1
            1-1-12
                    12
                                  largest I (or J) for line segment.
            13-15
                    J2
                                  Zero if only a point is input.
            16-25
                    X1 (or R1)
                                  coordinates for lowest I (or J).
            26-35
                    Y1 (or \theta1)
            36-45
                    X2 (or R2)
                                  coordinates for largest I (or J).
            46-55
                    Y2 (or 62)
            56 60
                    TYPE (see Table I).
            61-65
                    BCCODE (see Table II).
            65-70
                    IJCODE (see Table III).
· Card 9
           End Card (I5)
    Col
            1-3
                    END
 Cards 10 Time Cards (F10.3, F5.0, F5.0)
    Col
            1-10
                    TMAX.
            10-15
                    Number of time steps from T to TMAX.
            15-20
                    TOUT (Prints temperatures of T \ge TOUT).
```

Card 11

Blank Card.

## b. Output

Program AMG042 outputs in printed form the coordinates of each nodal point, the word CODE for each nodal point, the value of the boundary condition and nodal points for each type of boundary condition, element property data, and the temperature at each nodal point for each time requested. Tape Unit 6 prepares a tape which can be used as input to Program AMG042P.

```
/Stiff/ S3(3,3), S465,5), C4451, XI, XI, XI, YK, YK, VK
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     inak(31), imin(31), loc(32), and (%), junax
                                                        BOUNDARY CONDITIONS ARE TIME INDEPENDENT
                                                                                                                                                                                                     U1496) UDUT(496), F(496), CODE(16,31)
                          CONDUCTION PROGRAM
                                        TEMPERATURE INDEMENDENT
                                                                                                                                                                                       a:455.18), mul. T/117, 496), B (495)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   DIMENSION TITLE (12), ARRAY (1) oc (496)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   , SKPOLAR /
                                                                                                                                                                       X(16,31), Y(16,31)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     INTEGER CODE, BCCODE, TYPE
                          PROPERTIES ARE TEMPE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      (X, ARRAY)
                                                                                          HAITTEN BY E.B. BECKER
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    END, POLAR/6MEND
                                                                                                        RCHH AND MAAS COMPANY
Program Listing - AMG042
SIRTC NAIN LIST
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     LUGICAL EL1, EL2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    00 2 N=1,20032
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    INITIALIZE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    11=1,496
                                                                                                                          DECEMBER 1966
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   DATA XXX/1MX/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   20 m
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        EQUIVALENCE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ED 3 CH-1.31
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 0~62.61.22.00
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Internal Section 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    CRIANY (N)=0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    OF GMINES
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 MAKANA-0
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    REUIND 9
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             TC MAIN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    DATA
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                              CA! 5042
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READ (5,101) WORD, 11,11,12,12,X1,Y1,X2,Y2,TYPE, GCCODE,1JCODE
IF (WORD, EQ.EMD) GD TO 15
                                                              BCCONVIO.0.0.V.F1.F2.A1.A2.A3.H1,T21
PROPIO.N.KN.KY.CP1
READ GRID DATA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                CODE (1, 1)=160aTYPE>10aBCCODE +1JCODE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              X ( 1, 10 = XX = COS (YY / 57 - 2957795)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 yel. 30 mxx sineyy/sy.29577950
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                (I-17) - NING(IMIN(J)-I)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  MAXOCINAXCULTURA
                                             eccondid, 0,00, F1,01)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                " SANOTAMAK 12, 11)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                00- AMANDI 82-11.0.12-11.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  IF A Jacob 321 60 TO 10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 IF (1.5E.12)60 TO 14
In (corp. Ne. Polar)
                                BCTERP(0,0)
              0016,01
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                00/17x-2x10x0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 09/17A-ZA) = A0
(5,100)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  IMAXLA) =
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 12.43 July
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 XX=CP-XX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  KX=XX < DX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  YV=YY+DY
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  GO TO 11
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   XX=XX+DX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   MA=NY COY
                                                                                                                                                                                Will High X
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CODE(I*J) = MOD(CODE(I;J),10000) * 20000
                                                                      .AND. TAPE . EQ.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  (9) TITLE,XXX,JNAX, (IMIN(J),IEAXIJI,J=I:_JAX)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   DV={Y{1+1+1+2}+4i1-1+1+1+4(1+3+1)+4(-1+9-1))/4--Vil1+3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   DX=(X(I41, 1) 4X(I-1, 1) 4X(I, 141) 4X(I, 11-11) /4.-X&I 41
                                                                                                                                    POINTS WHICH WERE NOT INPUX
                                                                                                        I .OR. IMIN(3+1) .ST. I
                                                                         .6T. 0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    OUTPUT NODAL POINT COGRDINATES
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       GO TO 16
                                                                                        1 CODE(1,1) = CODE(1,1) + 10000
                                                                            IF (ABS(X(1,1)) + ABS(Y(1,1))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        resid=resid+abs(dx)+abs(dy)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        IF (RESID/RES.GT.1.E-5)
                                                                                                                                                          IF (JNAX.LE.2) GO TO 18
                                                             TYPE = CGDE(1,1)/10000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         X(1,1)=X(1,1)+1.06+DX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        YC-20.19-(1.1)-(1.61)Y
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         IF (N.EQ.1) RES=RESID
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       18 WRITE (6,200) TITLE
                                                                                                            IF (IMAXIJAI) .LE.
                                                                                                                                            GENERATE NODAL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             IF (CODE(1,3).6E.
J = 1, JEAX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         DO 19 J=1, JMAX
                                                I= 11,12
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        SO 19 I=11,12
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             30 17 I=11, E
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             13-Inin(39-1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              12-ICAX (J)-1
                                 = IMAX(J)
               - IMIM(3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         IL=Imim(J)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         IZ= TMAX (J)
                                                                                                                                                                               12= JMAX-1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                             RES 10=0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            SRITE
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FORMATI///ZOX 30KCONVECTIVE BOUNDARY CONDITIONS/3X1HL 4X1HJ2X39KF&
LM COEFF ENVIRONMENT TEMP SIBE )
                  I.LE. IMAX(U+1).AND.J.LT.JMAX)ELIE.TRUEJ
                                                                                                                                                                                                       FORMAT(1M120X31HTEMPERATURE BOUNDARY CONDITIONS/3X1HI 4W1HJ 3X2CHO
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 FORMATI /// 20% 30KCONDUCTIVE BOUNDARY CONDITIONS/3XIHI 4XIHJIOXI3MB
                                                                                                                               I, J, X(I, J), Y(I, J), CODER I JJ)
                                      .NOT. EL1 .AND. .NOT. EL2) N=1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     SCCC7E=#300(C00E(1,1),100)/10+1
                                                      . AND. EL2) N=2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       CALL ECCOND(1,J, IJCODE,F1,Q1)
WRITE(6,71) 1,J,Q1,IJCODE
                                                                        IF (EL1 .AND. .NGT. 2!?) N=3
IF (EL1 .AND. EL2) N=4
IF (I ole. IMAX(J)) EL2 =
IF (I obe. Imin(Jol) and.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 urite(6,71)1,J,Temp,IJCODI
Foinat(215,F13.5,10)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          SO TO (60, 68, 69, 701, 3CCODE
                                                                                                              WRITE (9) X(1,3), Y(1,3), N
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       3ca Z=000(00E(1,3),10)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          IF (BCCCL.C.NE.M) 60 TO 60
                                                                                                                                                                   GO TO (67,61,62,63),M
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         SIDE !
                  I GE. IMIN(JAI)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              renp-actemp(1,J)
                                                                                                                              URITE (6, 201)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             DO 60 J=1, JMAX
                                                       .NOT. EL1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   NO 60 I=11,12
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   SIDE
                                                                                                                                                 DO 60 H=2,4
                                                                                                                                                                                    MAITE(6,64)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      MAITE(6,66)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              WATE(6,65)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          LEHPERATURE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 (p)nini=Ti
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   (S=IMAX(J)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          1LM COEFF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            GO TO 67
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     79 OT 02
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      60 TO 60
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     6
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IJCODE, FI, F2, A1, A2, A3, M1, T2)
                                                                                                                    GO TO 21
             , J. H1, T2, IJCODE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      allusku)=allu,kn) +s6(l, +k+1)
                         FURNAT(215, F11.5, F20.5, 17)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       W(2)=W(1)+1
W(3)=LOC(J+1)+1-W(1)+1)
                                                   FORM MATRIX EQUATION
WRITE (6,202)
                                                                                                                                                                                                 F (CODE(I, J).CE.20000)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Carra Control (Sp. 1911 6) - NN (1) 41
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 A(L.), 1)=A(LM, 1) + S+(L, 1)

IF (L. EQ. 4) 60 TO 211

ED 210 K=L, 3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          11-14(6)307
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      C(LE)=C(LR)+C+(L)
                                                                                                                                                                                                              CALL STRFFO(1,3)
                                                                                                                                                                                      20 21 I=I1,12
                                                                                                                                              J=1, J2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 1016)=131(3)+2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           211 12194
                                                                                                      00 20 3=2,11
CALL SCCOWY !!
                                                                                                                                                                        I = I I I I | - I
             URITE(6,72)
                                                                                                                                                           II-Ininess
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ED 23 J =
                                                                                           Jan Junkal
                                       CONTINUE
                                                                             1=(1)27
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        LITER COLL !
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            COUNT INVE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ering that
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                              20 21
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                                                                                                                                 0=0
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OF EQUATIONS FOR BOUNDARY CUMPITIONS
                                                                                                                                                                                                           SECCODE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       NI=LOCI.J+1.) <1 - 1510 (U+1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ni=loc(J-1)+i-idini3-1)
ni=n-1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        IF (N2.LE. COAXIF (N2)=F(N2)-AUN, KIAFIN)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          if (ni .ct .o) f (ni) = f (ni) - a (ni »K) & f (n)
                                                                                                                                            TEMPERATURE BOUNDARY CONDITION
                                                                                                                                                                                            ECCOUE= GOD( CNDE(1,1),100)/10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       CALL SCCOND(I, J, IJCODE, F1, Q1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        11C00E= 000(C00E(1,3),10)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        IF (N1.67.0) A(N1.K)=0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                          (30, 26, 28, 29
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     IF (1JCDDE.EQ.1)
                                                                               MODIFICATION
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ( LACODE. EQ. 4)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           F(N)=SCTEMP(I,1)
12 = IMAX(J)

50 \ 23 \ I = IL_{J} \ I2
                                                                                                                                                             I=11,12
                                                                                               SO JEL JMAX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     F(112) = F(111) 47.
                                                                CHAN-LOCIJI)-1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Kez, R
                                                                                                                                                                            Walde (J) 41-11
                               L=LOC(J) +I-IJ
                                               U(L)=U0(I,3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       所有133年年(13)今年1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           A(12,23 = 1.
                                                                                                            II-IMIMI-II
                                                                                                                             IZ= IMAX (J)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         A(N,K)=0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           U(N)=F(N)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          是中以一以中国以
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         12年24年21
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            C(M)=0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         でかれば、
                                                                                                                                                                                                            50 70
                                                                                 Cocces
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        C)
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CALL BCCONV(IsJ,IJCODE,FlsF2,A1,A2,A3,H1,T2)
                                                                                                                                 09
                            NI=LOC(J+1)+I-IMIN(CJ+1)
                                        IF (IJCODE.EQ.3) NI=LOC(J-1)+I-IMIN(J-1)
IF (IJCODE.EQ.4) NI=N-1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        A+2C/DT
                                                                                                                              IF (IJCODE .EQ. 3 .OR. IJCODE .EQ.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               WRITE (6.204) I.J.U(L)
READ DATA FOR TIME INTEGRATION
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       MATRIX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        T1 = T + TOUT - .5*DT
                                                                                                                  A(N1,1)=A(N1,1)+A3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      TRIANGULARIZE
                                                                                                                                                                                        K = N - NI + I
A(NI,K) = A(NI,K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         DT=(TMAX-T)/STEPS
                           IF (1JC00E.EQ.1)
                                                                                                                                                             A(N,K)=A(N,K)+A2
GD TU 30
                                                                                                   A(N,1)=A(N,1)+A1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         00 40 J = 1, JMAX
                                                                                      F(N1)=F(N1)+F2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  WAITE (10) A,C
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             WRITE (6,203;
WRITE (6,205)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   \Gamma = \Gamma 0 C(1) + 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    READ (10) A,C
                                                                      F(N)=F(N)+FI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              READ (5,102)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      = IMIN()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      = IMAX(J)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                REWIND 10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 MEHIND 10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   CONT INUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     DT2=2./DT
                                                                                                                                             K=1+N1-N
                N1=N+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Cooses
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FORMAT(40H TEMPERATURES CALCULATED AT INTERVALS OFFI0.5/37H TEMPERATURES PRINTED AT INTERVALS OFFI3.5/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  IF (T .LT. TMAX-.5+DT) 60 TO 3201
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       14X1H14X1HJ10X1HX14X1HY14X4HCODE//)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         FORMAT(A5, 12, 13, 12, 13, 4F10.5, 315)
FORMAT(E10.3, F5.0, F5.0)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        FORMAT(IHIIZA6///20X3IHN O D A L
                                                                                                                                                    IF (T .LT. T1) GO TO 3501
HBITE (4,203) T
                                                                         B(N)=F(N)+C(N)+(DT2+U(N))
                                            STEP FORMARD IN TIME
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     I,J,U(K)
             A(N, 1)=A(N, 1) +DT2*C(N)
                                                                                                                     U(N) = 2**B(N) - U(N)
                                                                                         TRISOL(NMAX,M)
                            CALL TRIANGINMAX,M)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               MRITE(6,73)DT, TOUT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          35 J=1, JMAX
                                                                                                     N=1,NMAX
N=1,NMAX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     MRITE (6,204)
                                                           3201 DO 33 N=1, NMAX
                                                                                                                                                                   WRITE (6,203)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              WRITE (6,205)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              FURMAT (1246)
                                                                                                                                                                                                TI = TI+TOUT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    MAITE (9) U
                                                                                                                                                                                                               MRITE (9) T
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 MRITE (9) T
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          II=ININ())
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        12=IMAX(J)
00 35 I=
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  11
                                                                                                                                     T=T+DT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         X=X+1
                                                                                            CALL
                                                                                                                                                                                     Ø
₩
                                               市市市市市市 (中)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  1000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              100
101
102
200
200
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    3501
                                                                                                                       36
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      S
S
                                                                           33
               32
```

14X1HI4X1HJ7X14HCONDUCTIVITY X7X14HCONDUCTÍVITY Y7X13HSPECIFIC HBAD FORMAT(35H1 TEMPERATURE DISTRIBUTION AT TIME=F10.5//)
FORMAT(4X1H14X1HJ15X11HTEMPERATURE // )
FORMAT(215,1PE30.5)
FORMAT(11H1,12A6)
FORMAT(3110) 201 FURMAT(215,2F15.5,112) 202 FURMAT(1H120X23HE L E M E N 203 205 204 204 206 207

SIBFTC UO

C INITIAL CONDITIONS
FUNCTION UO(1.J)
IF (I.EQ.O) READ (5,1) T
UO=T
I FORMAT (FIO.5)
RETURN
END

\$IBFTC BCTEM
FUNCTION BCTEMP(1,J)
CORNON DUM(20832),IMAX(31),ININ(31),B(36),JMAX
DIMENSION T(4)

IF (1.EQ.0) GD TO 1
IF (J.EQ.1) IT=3
IF (J.EQ.1MAX) IT=4
IF (I.EQ.IMAX(J)) IT=2
BCTEMP=T(IT)

IT=1

1 READ (5,2) T 2 FORMAT (4F10.5) RETURN END

SUBROUTINE BCCCND(1, J, IJ, F1, Q1) COMMON X(16, 31), Y(16, 31), AK1984C), IMAX(31), IMIN(31), B(36), BMAX DINENSION Q(4), IJ1(4), J11(4) F1=Q(K) +SQRT((X(I, J)-X(I1, J1)) + 42+((Y(L, J)-Y111, J1)) + 421/2. DATA IJI/ 0,1,0,-1/, JI1/ 1,0,-1,0/ CONDUCTIVE BOUNDARY CONDITION IF (1.EQ.0) 60 TO 1 IF (J.EQ.1) K=3 IF (J.EQ.JMAX) K=4 IF (J.EQ.IMAX(J)) K=2 READ (5,2) Q FORMAT (4F10.5) []=[+[J]([J]) J1=J4JII( IJ) SIBFTC BCCDND Q1=Q(K) RETURL RETURN 

```
SUBROUTINE BCCONV(1,J,1J,Fl,F2,A1,A2,A3,H1,T2)
CORMON X(16,31),Y(16,31),A(19840),1 MAX(31),IMIN(31),B(36),UMAX
DIMENSION H(4),T(4),1J1(4),J11(4)
DATA IJI/O,1,O,-1/,J11/ 1,O,-1,O/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    HL=H(K)=SQRT((X(I+J)-X(II+JI))**2+fX(L+J)-Y(II+JI))**2)
                 CONVECTIVE BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                (H(N), T(N), N=1,4)
                                                                                                                        IF (1.EQ.0) GO TO 1
IF (J.EQ.1) K=3
IF (J.EQ.JMAX) K=4
IF (I.EQ.IMAX(J)) K=2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               FORMAT (8F10.5)
RETURN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      F1=T(K) =ML/2.
                                                                                                                                                                                               'l=I+IJ1(IJ)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ( )=7*7I( I)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              READ (5,2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      F2=F1
A1=ML/3.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          A2=ML/6.
SIBFIC SCCDNV
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    [2=T(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  (X)H=7%
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           a3=a1
Return
```

Comment of the state of the sta

```
SIBFTC PROP

CLEMENT PROPENTIES

SUBROUTINE PROP(1,J,KX,KY,CP)

CCMMEN X(20336),CODE(16,31)

REAL KX,KY

INTEGER CODE

DIMENSIGN

DATA XK,YK,PC/ 60*0.0/

IF (1.50.0) GD 10 1

N = MCD(CODE(1,J),10000)/100

IF (N .60.0) N = 1

KX=XK(N)

KY=XK(N)

KY=YK(N)

KY=YK(N)

KK(N)=KY

YK(N)=KY

YK(N)=KY

YK(N)=KY

PC(N)=CP

GD TO 1

Z FORMAT (5X15,3F10.5)

END
```

SUBROUTINE TRISOL(NMAX,M)
COMMON X(992),A(496,18),KULT817,496);REAL MULT
DO 1 N=1,NMAX
B(N)=B(N)/A(N,1) SIBFTC TRISO

Sold of the state of the state

11=N=11

IZ=MINO(N+M-1,NMAX) DD 1 1=11,12 N1=1-N

8(1)=B(10-MULT(Nî,N)\*B(N)

N1=NMAX-1 DD 2 N=1,N1 N1=NMAX-N I2=NINO(N+1,M) DD 2 I=2,I2 IN=NI+I-1

B(NI)=B(NI)-A(NI, I)+B(IN)
RETURN ~

\$IBFTC TRIAN SUBROUTINE TRIANG(NMAX,M) COMMON X(992),A(496,18),MULT317,496),B(496) REAL MULT NI=NMAX+1 DO 3 M=1,N1 I2=MINO(M,NMAX-N+1) DO 1 I=2,I2 I MULT(I-1,N)=A(N,I) DO 2 I=2,I2 DO 3 J=2,I2 DO 3 J=2,I NI= N+J-1 NJ=I-J+1 3 A(NI,N)=A(NI,N)-A(N,I)+MULT(J-1i,N) RETURN

The second secon

```
COMMON X(16,31),Y(16,31)
COMMON /STIFF/ S3(3,3),S405,5),C405),XI,XJ4WK,YI,YJ4YR
DIMENSION XX(5),YY(5),IT(3,4)
REAL KX,KY
               PLANE, FOUR-TRIANGLE, TAPEZIUM BEGGGGT STIFFNESS
                                                                                                      11/ 1,2,5,2,4,5,4,3,5,3,1,59
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               XK=(XX(1) 0 XX(2) 0 XX(3) 0 XX(4) 1 /4.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           VK=(YY(1)+YY(2)+YY(3)+YY(4))/4.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             S4(M1,L1)=S4(M1,L1)+S3(M,D)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    STIFF3(KX+KY,CP,A)
                                                                                                                                                                                CALL PROP(I,J,KX,KY,CP)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          XX(3)=X(I+1,3+1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  YY(3)=Y(I+1,J+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                            XX(2)=X(I+1,3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          XX(4)=X(1,J41)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    YY (2)=Y(1+1,1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  YY(4)=Y(1, J+1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              uu l L*1,3
                                                                                                                     N=1,5
N=1,5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   DO 1 M=1,3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      YY(1)=Y(1,J)
                                                                                                                                                                                              (('1)x=(1)xx
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           00 2 N=1,4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                YY(5)=YY(1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              MI=IT(N,N)
00 1 L=1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     XX(5)=XX(1)
                                                                                                                                                   S&(N,M)=0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         (I+N)XX=CX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      (I+N) AA=rA
                                                                                                                                                                C4(N)=0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           XI=XX(N)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        VI=YY(N)
SIBFTC STIFQ
C PL/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    CALL
                                                                                                        DATA
80 3
80 4
                                                                                                                                                     d m
```

`j

0 ( 8.

```
MA=I'(1,N)

L1=7f(2,N)

C4(M1)=C4(M1)+CP*A

2 C4(L1)=C4(L1)+CP*A

D0 6 N = 1,4

D0 5 M = 1,4

5 S4(N,N) = S4(N,N)-S4(N,5)/S4(5,5)

4 C4(N) = C4(N)-S4(N,5)*C4(5)/S4(5,5)

HRITE (6,100) 1,J,KX,KY,CP

RETURN

END
```

```
FORMAT (45HOTRIANGULAR ELEMENT HAS EERO OR NECATIVE AREA)
                                         SUBROUTINE STIFF3(KX,KY,CP,A)
COMMON /STIFF/ S3(3,31,54(5,5),C4(5)1,XI,XJ,XK,WYI,YJ,YK
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     S3(1,1)=(KX*(BJ-BK)**2+KY*(AK-AJ)*#2)YAA
S3(1,2)=(KX*BK*(BJ-BK)-KY*AK*(AK-AJ))YAA
S3(1,3)=(-KX*BJ*(BJ-BK)+KY*AJ*(AK-AJ))/AA
S3(2,2)=(KX*BK*BK+KY*AK*AK)/AA
                      PLANE TRIANGULAR ELEMENT STHFFNESS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             S3(2,3)=(-KX*BJ*BK-KY*AK*AJ)/AA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 S3(3,3)=(KX+BJ+BJ+KY+AJ+AJ)/AA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        IF (AA .LE. O.) WRITE (6,100)
                                                                                                                                                                                                   AA=AJOEK-AKOB
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        I=2,3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            J=1,2
                                                                                      REAL KX, KY
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   AA=AA=AA
                                                                                                                                                      3 人一个人一个日
                                                                                                            AJ=XJ-X1
                                                                                                                                                                             BK-YK-Y
                                                                                                                                 AK=XK-X
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             A=BA/4.
SIBFTC STIFS
C PL/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         RETURN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             100
```

SIBMAP UNITS
ENTRY .UNO9.
ENTRY .UNIO.
JUNO9. PZE UNIT10
UNIT09 FILE ,B(2),READY,OUTPUT,BIN,HOLD
UNIT10 FILE ,UT4,READY,INOUT,BIN

B-8

## 2. Plot Program AMG042P

To assist in interpreting the output from program AMG042, a subsidiary program AMG042P was devised. This plot program used a magnetic tape prepared by AMG042, along with conventional card data input, to perform the following functions.

- (1) The array of nodal point temperatures is scanned, and the coordinates of points on selected temperature contours are determined by linear inverse interpolation. The coordinates are printed and also put on tape for use with the plotter.
- (2) The values of temperature along any specified coordinate line are calculated and printed and also put on a tape for use with the plotter.

The user has the option of obtaining all of the above information in printed form and/or having these plotted by the Electronic Associates, Inc., 3440 Dataplotter. The title is written at the bottom of the plot sheet (30-in. x 30-in.) beginning four letter heights from the bottom. Allowance must be made for this in specifying the board and data offsets on the plotter control card (Card 2). Each plot requires a separate sheet.

There are some items on the plotter control card (Card 2), such as board offset and data offset, which are difficult to explain briefly. Those who use this plotter will find sufficient explanation in the plotter literature. Those who have another plotter available can adapt this program to their particular needs. If no plotter is available, the tape-writing instructions should be removed from the program and the printed output can be used for manual plotting. Only IPRINT need be specified on Card 2 if a plotter is unavailable.

## a. Input Data

The following input data must be included along with the tape created by logical unit 6 in the temperature-calculation program AMG042. AMG042P uses logical unit 11 to read the input tape and writes an output tape on logical unit 12.

The input data deck setup is shown in Fig. 17 and the card format is given below.

```
Card 1
          TITLE (12A6)
   Col
          1..72
                   Any alphameric statement
          Plotter Control Card (4F5.2, 3F10.5, 15)
Card 2
   Col
          1_5
                  SCLX
                            Size factor in x direction.
          6-10
                  SCLY
                             Size factor in y direction.
          11_15
                            Board offset in x direction.
                  BOFFX
          16-20
                  BOFFY
                            Board offset in y direction.
          21_30
                  DOFFX
                             Data offset in x direction.
          31_40
                  DOFFY
                             Data offset in y direction.
          41_50
                  SL
                             Letter height in inches (0 if no letter.
                            ing is desired).
          51_55
                  IPRNT
                            Print control. 0 = print. 1 = no
                            print.
          Time Control Card (1A5, 9E8.1)
Card 3
  Col
          1_5
                  W1
                             "TIME="
          6_13
                  TIME(1)
                            Time values. Only TIME(1) may be
                            zero. A large positive value of
          14_21
                  TIME(2)
                            time will skip to the next problem.
                            A negative value of TIME(1) will end
          70_77
                  TIME(9)
                            the program and rewind tapes.
Card 4
          Temperature Contour and Coordinate Card (1A5, 9E8.1)
  Col
          1_5
                  W2
          6-13
                  TEMP(1) or COORDINATE(1)
                                                   TEMP=, X=, Y=,
                                                   R=, Z=, or T=.
          14_21
                  TEMP(2) or COORDINATE(2)
                                                   (TEMP= for tem_
                                                   perature contours.
                                                   X=, Y=, R=, Z=, or
          70_77
                  TEMP(9) or COORDINATE(9)
                                                   T= for temperature
                                                   on constant coor-
                                                   dinate.) Must have
                                                   a Card 5 if coordi.
                                                   nate is given.
```

Card 5 Coordinate Scale Card (27:10.5)
(Use this card only when W2 is X=, Y=, R=, Z=, or T=.)

Col 1.10 TNORM Normalizing value for temperatures (Height of temperature scale in inches) =  $10 \times (SIZE\ T) \times \frac{(max.\ temp.)}{(TNOR\ M)}$ 

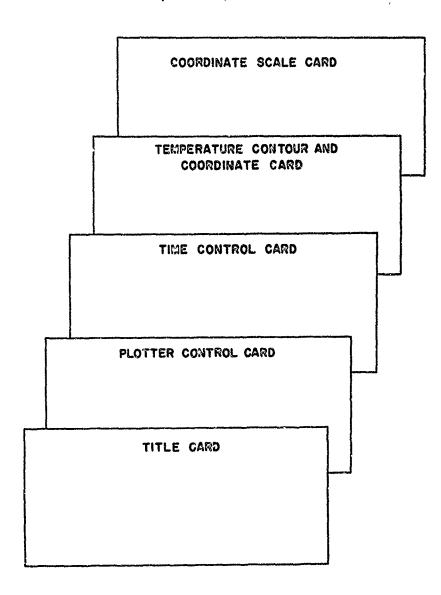


FIG. 17. DATA DECK FOR AMG042P

```
PLOTS ARE PUT ON TAPE 12 FINPUT TAPE 4S 11 . TAPE 8 IS SCRATCH
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ·1H · 1H , 15/4/.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  2END/6HEND OF/, RR, U2P, U2M, D1, D2/1MR, 1H+, 11H-, GHTIME= $6HTER2= /,
                                                                                                  DIMENSION T(30,50), X(30,50), Y(30,50), C. GGRD (30,50,4), LNIM(50),
                                                                                                                                                    2, TIME (9), TEMP (9), U (496), CNST1 (8), CNST2 (12), R (130;, 50); TH (130,50)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              read (5, 100) ctitle, sclx, scly, boffx, boshy, doffx, doffy, sl, i prai
                                                                                                                            1 IMAX(50), N(30,50), RX(2,3) AUC(8), TITLE (12), CTTTLE(12)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        IF(DOFFY.LT.O.)P4=U2M
READ(11)TITLE,TCORD,JMAX,(IMIN(J),IMAX£3),J=I,JMAX)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 DATA RX/ZHR=; ZHZ=; ZHX=; ZHY=; ZHR=; ZHT=/; IALC/6H*TEMPE; 6HRATURE; 6H PLOT ; 6HAT TIN; 6HE =
                                                                                                                                                                          EQUIVALENCE (X,COORD), (Y,COORD(1501))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            3POLAR, THETA, BLK/6HPOLAR , SHIHTA=,6H
                                                                                                                                                                                                    1, (R, COORD(3001)), (TH, COORD(4501))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        IF(TITLE(1).EQ.END)GO TO 500
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       F(BOFFY.LT.0.)P2=U2M
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               F( DOFFX.LT.0.)P3=U2M
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 [F(80FFX.LT.0.)P1=U2M
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       IF (TCORD. EQ.RR)L=1
b. Program Listing AMG042P
                                                C AMGO42PLOT PROGRAM
C PLOTS ARE PUT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       RAD=57.2957795
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     DO 1 J=1 JMAX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            REAL MISM2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    REWIND 11
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           (C)NIMI=81
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      REW ND 8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   RBIG=0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           TBIG=0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  XBIG=0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         P1=U2P
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                P2=U2P
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        P3=U2P
                         SIBFTC MAIN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               P<=U2P
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              7=3187
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              1000
```

2 : 10 :

The second of the second

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```
S
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             IF(XSCL.LT.999.9.AND.YSCL.LT.999.9) GD
                                                                                                                                                        IF(ABS(X(I,J)).GT.XBIG)XBIG=ABS(X(I,J))
IF(ABS(Y(I,J)).GT.YBIG)YBIG=ABS(Y01(J))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 IF (NABIG. GE.NFCTR)NFCTR=NFCTR*10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           IF (NXBIG. GE.NFCTX)NFCTX:::NFCTX*10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             IF(NYBIG.GE.NFCTY)NFCTY::NFCTY*10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   F(NTBIG.GE.NFCTT)NFCTT=NFCTT+1-0
                                                       (I.J)=SQRT(X(I,J)**2+Y(I,J)**2)
                                                                                                                   F(TH(I,1).GT.TBIG)T3IG=TH(I,1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               IF(XSCL.GT.999.9)XFCT=XFCT/10.
IF(YSCL.GT.999.9)YFCT=YFCT/10.
                                                                                                F(R(1, J). GT.RBIG)RBIG=R(1, J)
                 READ(11)X(1, J), Y(1, J), N(I, J)
                                                                           H(I, J)=ATAN(Y(I, J)/X(I, J))
                                  JECTCORD.NE.POLAR)GO TO 111
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           /SCL=(50./SCLY)*YFC7/10.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          XSCL=(50./SCLX)*XFCT/10.
                                                                                                                                       ALCULATE SCALE FACTORS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     XFCT=10000/NFCTX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 YFCT=10000/NFCTY
00 1 I=IB, IE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             NYBIG=YBIG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 NRBIG=RBIG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          00 6 I=1,4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          NXBIG=XBIG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NTBIG=TBIG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                       CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             NFCTR=1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  NFCTX=1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       NFCTY=1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               MFCTT=1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           700
```

```
00
                                                           .ET. 91
                                                                                                                       IF(NT .EG. 1 .AND. TIME(NT) .EQ. 0.) 50 TO 12I
IF(.999.LT.TOL.AND.TOL.LT.L.GO1)60 TC 121
                                                         0.1 .OR. NT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               WRITE(8,96)ALC(1),ALC(1),W2,TEMP,ALC(3),ALC(8)
FORMAT(2A1,1A6,9F6.2,2A5)
REWIND 8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     IF (IPRNT.EQ.O) WAITE (6,200) TITLE, CTLFLE 1V2
MAITE (8,99) V2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     IF(U2.NE.D2)GO TO 20
                                                     IF((NT .GT. 1 .AND. TIME(NT) .EQ
    500
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      READ(8,98)ALC(6),ALC(7)
READ(8,95) CUST2
                                                                                IF(V2.LT.0.)GD TD 1000
TDL=V2/TIME(NT)
READ(5,1011) WZ, TEMP
                                                                                                                                                                                                      DO 122 J=1, JMAX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              DO 122 1=18, IE
                                                                                                                                                                           BACKSPACE 11
                                                                                                                                                                                         BACK SPACE 11
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      DO 951 I=2,9
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 FORMAT (12A6)
REWIND 8
                                                                                                        READ (11) U
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         T(I,3)=U(K)
                                                                    READ(11) V2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ID= IMIN(J)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 IE-IMAX (3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 NCC=NCC+1
                                                                                                                                                 GO TO 12
                             I+LN=LN
                                         NTT=1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           不二六十二十二
                                                                                                                                                               ※≡0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             96
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      951
                            101
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        122
                                                                                                                                                               121
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                                                                                                           77
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Q
(3)
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arite(12,104)
If (ipant.eq.o) white(6,202) Temp(nit)4rx(1,15,8x(2,U)
                                                                                                  MRITE(12,210)P1, BOFFX, P2, BOFFY, P3, DBFFX, P4, DOFFY
                              WRITE LETTERING AND GRID ON TAPE FOR PLOTTING CALL PLOT(TITLE, 0, SL)
CALL PLOT(ALC, 0, SL)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           INTERPOLATE TEMPERATURES FOR PLOTTING
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 67 TO(25,22,23,24,25),N2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         MR ITE (12, 103) MI, XX, M2, YY
                                                                                                                   MRITE(12, 211) XSCL, YSCL
                                                                                  CALL PLOT( CNST2, 1, SL)
FINCC. 6T. 1160 TO 16
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | F( XX - LT - 0 - ) 711 = UZM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          IF(YY.LT.0.) M2=U2M
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            MRITE 112, 105 INCC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              25 J=1, JMAX
                                                                                                                                                                                                     XX=X(I,J)*XFCT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     YY=Y(I,J)*YFCT
                                                                                                                                    CO 40 J=1, JMAX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              n) 25 I=18,1E
                                                                                                                                                                                      DO 40 I=18, IE
                                                                                                                                                    IO-IMIN()
                                                                                                                                                                    IE=IMAX(J)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           PE-IMIM(3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                E IMAX(1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                N2-M(IsJ)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 60 TO 30
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         45=02P
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 [今IzX]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         MI=U2P
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  JX=J+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    H
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IF((T(1,J)-TEMP(NTT))*(TEMP(NTT)-T((IX,UX)))27,31,31
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            INTERPOLATE FOR TEMPERATURES ALONG COORDINATE LINE
                                                              ALP=(TEMP(MTT)-T(I,J))/(THIX,JX)-TH1;J))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                IF(TERP(NTT).EQ.O..OR.NTT.GT.9)GO TO 101
                                                                                                                                        IF(IPRNT.EQ.O)WRITE(6,204) XX,YY
                                                                          XX=X(I, 1)+(X(IX, 1X)-X(I, 1))+ALP
YY=Y(I, 1)+(Y(IX, 1X)-Y(I, 1))#ALP
                                                                                                                                                                                     IF(XX1-LT.0.)M1=U2M
IF(YY1-LT.0.)M2=U2M
URITE(12,103)M1,XX1,M2,YY1
IF(K.EQ.2)G0 T0 23
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            MC1=MOD(NC, 2)+1
                                                                                                          XX1=XX*XFCT
                                                                                                                        YY1=YY*YFCT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   NTT-NTT+1
                               60 TO 22
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               60 TO 15
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  CONT INUE
60 70
                                                                                                                                                        M1×U2P
                                                                                                                                                                        M2=U2P
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             なので
                 C 11 . . . .
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IF(TCGAD.EQ.POLAR.AND.W2.EQ.RX(1,11)ND=1 IF(TCGAD.EQ.POLAR.AND.W2.EQ.RX(2,3)ND=2

19EAD(5,1012)THORM, SIZET, SCLR, SCLT END FILE 12

IF (TCORD. EQ. POLAR) GO TO 1111

XYSCL=YSCI

IF (NCX . EQ . 3.08 . NCX . 50 . 4) KK=3

IF (NT.EQ.I)

NCX=NC+ND

O=QN

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IF ( IPRNT . EQ. 0) WRITE (6, 2.03) RX (NCI, AK), RXINC, KM), FREMPRINT)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          HORITE(8,94).XK(NC1,KK),ALC(6),ALC(7),AUC(8),ALE(8)
Formay(16H*Temperature vs 1a1,94 at thme=2ab,44 for 2a3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           urite(12,211)xyscl,tscl
urite(12,211)xyscl,tscl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   IF(M2.EQ.RX:1,KK))60 TO 1112
IF(W2.EQ.RX(1,L))GO TO 1112
                                                                                                                                                             ISCLT = (50./SCLT) *TFCTT/10.
                                                                                                                                           RSCL=(50./SCLR)*RFCT/10°
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     CALL PLOT(CNST1,0,SL)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    CALL PLOTITITE, 5, SL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         .SCL=(50./SIZET)*10.
                                                                                        IF(M2 .EQ. RX(1,3))
                                                                                                        NC1 = MOD(NC,2) +
                                                                                                                           TFCTT=15000/NFCTT
                                                                     RFCT=10000/NFCTR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        FCT=1000./TNDRM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      WRITE(12, 105)NCC
DD 50 J=1,JMAX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              READ(8,93)CNST1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               RITE(12, 104)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 FC:: MAT(8A6)
                                                                                                                                                                                XYSCL=TSCLT
                                                                                                                                                                                                 XYFCT=TFCTT
                                                    60 TO 1112
                                   XYFCT=XFCT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      KYFCT=RFCT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      MYSCL=RSCL
                 XYSCL=XSCL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  RX (UCL,KK)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     NCC=NCC+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              REWIND 8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   REWIND 8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         NCC=0
                                                                      1111
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        1112
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IF (NCX.EQ.1.OR.NCX.EQ.2)A = (TEMP(NTT)-COGRO (& ,U,NCX)) / (COORD) IX,UX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 IF((codrd(I,J,ncx)-Temp(ntt))*(Temp4ntt)-cobrd4dx,Jx4ncx)).LT.O.)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 IF(hcx.eq.4) A=(¥[ix.jx)-x(ix.jx)*tan(temp(ntt)/rad)) //(x_1s_j)-
ly(ix,jx)+(x[ix,jx)-x(i,j))*tan(temp(ntt)/rad))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         IF(NCX.EQ.3)A=(Y(IX;JX)*(Y(IX;JX)-N(I;J))-X(IX;XJX)+(X(I;J)-X(IX;JX))-X(IX;XJX))+(Y(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX))+(X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX))+(X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX)-X(IX;JX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       XY=COURD(I, J, NC1)+(COORD(IX,JX,NC1)-COORD(I, LL,NC1))*A
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             FITEMPINITI-EQ. 0. - 03.NIT. GT. 9160 TO IOI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       IF (NCX.EQ.3) XY=ARSIN(XY/TENP(NTF)) #RAD
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            IF (IPANT.EQ.O) WAITE (6,261) XY, SIG, SIGT SIGT = SIGT = SIGT * 1000.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           [FINCX.EQ.4)XY=XY/COS(TEMP (NTT)/RAD)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  3X(IX, JX)) **2+(Y(IX, JX)-Y(IJJ)) **2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       SIG=T( I, 1) + (T(IX, JX)-T(I, 1) ;*A
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            MRITE (12, 103) MI, XYT, M2, SIGT
                                                                                                                                                                                                    60 TG(50,2,3,2,50),N2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       SIGT=(SIG*TFCT)/1000.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      INCX )-COORD(I, J, NCX )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                IF(N2.20.4)60 TO 3
                                                                50 50 I=18, IE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           XYT=XY=XYFCT
(E=IMAX(J)
                                                                                                                                N2=N(I,J)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                GO TO 52
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     160 TO 60
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    IX=I+I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              て や つ = ※ つ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         T=XT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             N2=1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         [ = X]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             80
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FORMAT(1H F12.4x1PE15.5,10X1PE15.5)
FORMAT(14HOPLOT OF TEMP=F10.5 //5X1A1x10X1A1)
FORMAT(33HOFLOT OF TEMP=F10.5 //5X1A1x10X1A1)
1E LINE 1A1,1H= F8.5/1H010XA1,5X11HTEMPERATURE 10X22HNORMALIZED TED
2PERATURE )
                                                                                                                                                                                             FORMAT(12H00000050000111,1H0)
FORMAT(19H1AMG042PLOT PROGRAM /1X12A6//1X12A6//34H THB FOLLOWINS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              FORMAT(INGIA1, F5.0, INGIA1, F5.0/2(INBIA1, F5.0))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    FORMAT(14M00000000000000011M2 F6.0)
                                                                                               FORMAT(12A6/4F5.2,3F10.5,15)
                                                                                                                                                          FORMAT(2(1H1,1A1,F5.0))
FORMAT(14H00000000*000000)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ILOTS ARE FOR TIME = F10.5)
                                                                                                                  FORMAT(1A5, 9E8.1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             FORMAT (2F10.5)
                                                                                                                                        FURMAT (4F10.5)
                                                                             FURMAT (E12.4)
                                                          FORMAT(2A6)
REWIND 11
REWIND 12
STOP
                                                                                              100
1011
1012
103
105
105
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            201
202
203
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DATA ACODE /6H000000A,6H000000BJ6H00000C,6H00000D;6H000000E,6H000000F4 YTABLE,N/0.,8.,10.,10.,10.,8.,0.,44.,4.,6.,5.,5.,17.,9.,10.610.60. 6H000006,6H00000H,6H000001,6H00000J,6H00000K,6H00000CL,6H00000CK . , 5. , 42. , 10. , 0. , 0. , 6. , 17. 1, 7. , 6. w.0. , 6. 65. , 2. 6HC00000U, 6HC00000V, 6HO00000W, 6HCOGOOX, 6HC00000 Y, 6HCOOOOZ, 6HCOOOOZ 6H000002,6H000003,6H000004,6H000005,6H0000066,6H000000T,6H800003 6H000009, 6H000000, 6H00000/,6H000000.,6H00000C-,6H000000%,6H0000000 10 , Q. , Q. , 7 , 7 , 47 , , Q , , & .; 3 , , 3 .; , Q , , & . 6 Q , 20 . ., 0., 0., 0., 0., 5., 11., 7.67.40., 0., 0., 0., 4., 281, 3.60. 20. 7. , 4. , 4. , 40. , 8. 40. 40. , 2. , 5. , 7. , 7. , 00. , 4. 6 8. , 00. . , 7 . , 5 . , 1 . , 0 . , 0 . , 7 . , 7 . , 7 . , 5 . , 1 . , 0 . , 5 . , 5 . , 5 . , 5 . , 5 . . 0.,2 . ,B . ,10 .,,104. 6H000000N, 6H0000000, 6H000000P, 6H0000000, 6H000000R, 6H000000S, 6H000000T 0.,0.,5.,0.,0.,0.,7.,0.,0.,0.,5.,0.,0.,7.,5.,6. .,0. ,0. ,0.,6.,7.,7.,6.,0.,0.,4.,7.,0.,1.,56.,7. 0., 8., 0. ; 4., 4., 4., 8. , 0. , 7. , 10., 7. , 1., 3. 63. sQ. 1, 10.40. 11. 10L 0,00.10,00070,70,70,60,110160,70 270 270 10. 10. 12. 10. 10 , 60 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 60 , 1. . . 90 , 90 . 1 1 , 56 . 9. 7 . 7. 3. 7. .,6.,2.,0.,0.,0.,2.,8.,10.,10.,8.,0.10.,8.,10.,10.,8.,,2.,60.,0.,0.,0. 10.00.\$10.000 XTABLE (261) , YITABLE (261 H, NI 2539) , 37.,0.,0.,0.,6.,7.,7.,6.,0.,0.,0.,6.,7.,7.,6.,7.,5.,5.,2.,60.,0.,0.,2.,5. SUBROUTINE PLOT FOR PLOTTING ALPHAMBRIC CHARACTERS SUBROUTINE PLOT(ALIST, NEND, SCALE) . 5. , 10. , 10. , 4., 4., 4. , 2.1, 0. , 38.,0.,5.,10.,5.,5.,10.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,10.,10.,10. . 96. 11. 90. DATA XTABLE/0.,0.,1.,6.,7.,7. EQUIVALENCE (BLIST, IBLIST) .,0.,0 0,4.,1.,0 7.57 10,60,50, 01509 0., 7., 0., 1., 5., 3.960 ., 8.,00,30,40, ., 10., 10., 0., DIMENSION ACODE(41), . , 5. , 0 . , AL IST (12) "AMASK (6) 0.00.00.0 20,50,70 2.,5.,7., 47.,6.,1.,0.,0.,0., ., 0., 0., 7.07 97.,6.,1 61.,4.,5 036 40.,5., 55.,2.,1 80.,0., 10.,4., 35.,5., SIBFTC PLOTI DATA 77.,7 26.,0 25.05 60., 2 41.95 CAMGO

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39.,10.,10.,7.,6.,5.,5.,4.,1.,0.,0.,0.,1.,4.,5.,5.,5.,5.,5.,5.,6.,5.,5.,10.,10.,40.,4.,9.,1.,0.,0.,1.,9.,9.,10.,10.,10.,4.,41.,42.,47.,48.,51.,58,64,65.,70.,5.,11.,78.,79.,84,85.,87.,88.,92.,93.,96.,97.,105,113.,114.,125.,125,126,134.,135.,4.,47.,150,151,156,157,159,160,164,185,169,170,174,175,175,176,175,179,84.
910.,10.,0.,0.,8.,10.,0.,0.,8.,10.,10.,10.,8.,6.,2.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,10.,10.
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                         ., 4.41.10.10.10.11.10.110. +4.,4.611.10. +C. 12.1.4.,0.46h.
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IF (IGLIST-LT.0) IBLIST = 1/
00 1 3=1,41
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   IF(BLIST.EQ.ACODE(J)) GO TO
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        IF(SCALE.EQ.0.) GO TO 22
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           WRITE(12, 200) SCAL , SCAL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  SCAL =100./(2.*SCALE)
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           JOITE(12, 201)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      00 4 LL=KK,L
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    IF( J. EQ.41)
                              1,9.,6.,5.,
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20 CONTINUE 21 IF(NEND.EQ.1)END FILE 12 22 RETURN 200 FORMATII4H0060000=000000/14H30000000000000/14%4-002864-00280/ FORMAT ( 14H0000000 7000000) YY=CY+YTABLE(LL) XX=CX+XTABLE(LL) BRITE(12,202) XX,YY WRITE (12, 202) XX, YY WRITE (12, 203) CX=CX+10. 12(1H2F6.0)) 201 202

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13. ABSTRACT			

A new numerical method for the solution of heat conduction problems in thermally anisotropic, nonhomogeneous bodies of complex geometry was devised which is based on a discretization concept developed in the matrix analysis of structures. This discretization method, commonly referred to as the finite element method, reduces the problem formulation to the solution of a matrix equation for the nodal point temperatures of the assembly of finite elements. The resulting matrix equation is stable for any time step. The method is extremely flexible and easy to apply. The method was applied by writing a computer program for the solution of heat conduction problems in plane, thermally anisotropic, nonhomogeneous bodies.